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#### HE CHELSEA STANDARD

dependent local newspaper published by Friday afternoon from its office the basement of the Turnbull & Wilkinson block, Chelsea, Mich..

BY O. T. HOOVER -\$1.00 per year in advance. on application.

CHELSEA, FRIDAY, AUG. 25, 1893.

PERATIVE, PROSTHETIC AND Teeth examined and advice iven free. | Special attention given to hildren's feeth. Nitrous oxide and ocal anasthetics used in extracting. ermanently located.

H. H. AVERY, D. D. S. ffice over Kempf Bros.' Bank

BANK SHAVER,

Propr. of The "City" Barber Shop. Kempf Bros. old bank build-

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Physician, Surgeon & Accoucheur. Office and residence second door st of Methodist church. Office hours 3 to 6 p. m.

Місн.

TEO. W. TURNBULL

Having been admitted to practice s Pension Attorney in the Interior Depensions for all ex-soldiers, widows. tc., entitled thereto. None but legal es charged.

GREINER,

N. Homeopathic Physician and Surgeon. Office hours, 10 to 12a. m., 1 to 4 p.m. Office in the Sherry Building, MICH.

n Chelsea every Monday and Tuesday of each week to practice Dentistry. m prepared to do work with skill in the branches of Dentistry, viz. rown and Bridge work, Gold, Aloy, Phosphate, Amalgam and other fillings. Gold, Silver, Aluminum and Rubber Dentures. Prices reasonable. Office wer Glazier's Drug Store.

### Chelsea

Chelsea. Michigan.

Capital Paid In, \$60,000

extends to its customers every facility m banking and solicits your patronage

Hox. S. G. IVES, Presidet. Thos. S. Sears, Vice-Presidet. GEO. P. GLAZIER, Cashier. THEO. E. WOOD, 1st Asst. Cashier

ERNEST WALSH, 2d Asst. Cashier.

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on. S. G. Ives Harmon S. Holmes hos.S. Sears Wm, J. Knapp L. Babcock Frank P. Glazier eman M. Woods John R. Gates Geo. P. Glazier.

## ARMS FOR SALE

Do you want to buy a Good armat a Low Price, and on asy terms!

Come and see me if you have ill pay you.

helsea.

WORLD'S FAIR LETTER

Special Correspondence.

Thursday, August 24 Allinois day! Paid attendance, 240,909. Total number of persons on the grounds, 272,017 swelling the total paid attendance from May 1 to 9,099,150. All hail to the great prairie state of Illinois! Her patriotic sons and daughters from even the remotest corner, from the corn Ceramic 'Dentistry in all their fields, swamp lands, prairies and valleys poured into the grounds of the World's Fair in countless thousands. They came by rail, by steamboat, by electricity, and by cable. Never did turnstile turn so fast and so often. Never did gate keepers work so hard.

The state was here. A few persons remained at home to water the stock and do the milking, but all the rest came in on time with red tickets in their hats. It was their day and they claimed it. The World's Fair grounds became crowded as a Tazewell county bee tree. No matter where the man came from-Efflingham, Galena, Quincey, Bloomington, Chicago or Galvahe had a partnership interest in the building with the big vellow dome. This building was embroidered with flags and folds of bunting as large as circus tents. From its topmost staff partment, is now prepared to obtain floated a pennant bearing the word. "Illinois."

From any part of the grounds this streamer could be seen, and toward it went the men, women and children, bumping against their neighbors at every step. For once the interest of a big holiday centered at a state building. Around this building were jostling acres of hats and bonnets. Through O. A graduate of U. of M., will be cession, which lasted for hours. In-

> It was a great day for the fair, a great day for the people who made it so, and was a grand success from start to finish.

In the old Midway parade at 9 a. m, there came first the Bedouina riding camels and high-spirited horses. They were allowed nearly a thousand feet of space and as the parade moved along those mounted on horses rode back and forth at full gallop with their snow-white robes fluttering in the breeze, whirling their long spears about and displaying wonderful feats of horsemanship. After the Bedouins came the Laplanders, with their reindeer and then came the cannibals of Dahomey. They were the most vicious and ferocious looking warriors in the parade. They were attired as if going out to battle. The king, a huge black fellow in fantastic attire, was in the lead. On his head was a sort of helmet surmounted with a pair of ram's horns He carried a great war club which he flourished as he pranced about shouting in a savage frenzy, while his followers sang a wild war song and beat tom-toms and acted like demons. Hanging down the front of the cannibal king's breast was a peculiar-looking protector made of polished human bones and around his neck was an ornament of numan teeth.

seen and the horrid thing moved along in a wonderfully lifelike manner. Strangely attired musicians, playing on instruments no less strange; accom-Thave three nice farms, and panied the dragon and the music, if an and will give you a Great such it can be called, was ear-splitting lem as I want to sell in the extreme. After the Celestia's came the South Sea Islanders. Then in turn came the Hawaiians, the Persians, the Egyptians with their camels ly idea of buying a farm. It and donkeys, the Turks, the Moors, the Swiss horn-blowers, Hagenback's lions, the natives of Jahore, the Alge Mich. and German villages. In the main packages.

grounds they were joined by the Italians marines, the British soldiers and the West Point cadets.

It was a strangely wonderful sight and it is doubtful if its like has ever been witnessed in the world before or if any one who saw it will ever see its like again.

After the procession had passed the governor and his staff were received in Illinois building by the members of the state board of commissioners. At 2 o'clock luncheon was served in the dining room on the third floor. The members of the Illinois board, the national commissioners, lady managers and the invited guests were present. In the afternoon the governor received the citizens of the state in the main court on the first floor, under the dome. Director-General Davis and a host of commissioners and World's Fair officials paid their respects to Gov. Altgeld. The hours of the reception were from 3 until 5 o'clock. From four sides the crowds poured in to shake hands with the governor. At four o'clock the tens of thousands of loyal cit zens of Illinois stood still. At the doors the crowds fought, but the solid square that pressed about the governor was as strong as the rock of Gibralter. There was no place to move. Finally, however the ranks thinned and the crowd passed around and out. There was a representation from every county in the state and from every town and county from Cairo to the Wisconsin line,

As for estimating numbers, there its doorways went a scrambling pro- might have been 100,000, or so far as the bewildered eye could judge a full side the building the good people of 1,000,000, watching the fireworks in this state were rubbed up so close to the evening. Some people said there each other that they all wanted to get were 200,000, in sight of the exploding pyrotechnics. This was not a large es-

> Friday was colored people's day. Exercises were in Festival Hall, 2:30 p. m.; oration by the Hon. Frederick Douglass, followed by concert and recitations.

Jay Wood lost a horse Saturday.

Edgar Holden, of Sharon, spent Sunday

Mrs. F. English, of Orland, is visiting ier sister, Mrs. Jay Wood. Claude Guerin, of Port Huron, spent

Sunday here with relatives, The Band boys were invited to A. Wed

meyer's last Saturday night. Mrs. S. J. Guerin and daughter have

been spending a few days here. Mrs. Alice Hawley and daughter Vernie

#### are going to Alma to spend a few weeks Sharon.

Wm. Alber has returned from Chicago. Albert Cook started his hay press Mon

Stanley Thomas returned from the World's Fair Monday.

Geo. Mandy and sister, of Grass Lake pent Sunday at J. M. Lehman's,

Mr. and Mrs. Bert McClain, of Chelsea, were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. John

Last Tuesday morning a large number of relatives and friends gathered The Chinese, with an awful-hoking a the home of Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Vocdragon sixty feet long, came next. It goding, in Sharon, to witness the marwas made of rice paper on a bamboo riage of their daughter Emma to Mr. frame and carried by twenty Mongoli- Fred Feldkamp, of Freedom. The happy ans. Nothing but their feet could be couple have the best wishes of the whole

As a family medicine Bacon's Celery King for the nerves passes from sire to son as a legacy. If you have kidney, liver or blood disorder do not delay, but get a free sample package of this remedy at once. If you have indigestion, constipation, headache, rheumaetc,. this grand specific will cure you. GEO. P. GLAZIER, lions, the natives of Jahore, the Alge gists, are sole agents and are distributing samples free to the afflicted. Large

WE open, this week, an unusual quantity of

In every department. Have taken advantage of the inducements offered by eastern jobbers and made some very good purchases especially for our dress goods department.

# SPECIAL LOW PRICES

early CASH buyers of DRESS GOODS, CLOAKS SHAWLS and UNDERWEAR.

Are making interesting prices on

## SUITS AND OVERCOATS

for early cash buyers..

# H. S. Holmes Mercantile Co.

IF YOU HAVE ANYTHING TO SELL \ An advertisement in The Stanand holidays, and will bring in ADVERTISE IT IN THE STANDARD large returns for money invested ADVERTISE IT IN THE STANDARD

Most people don't know What they don't know And no doubt don't know But we want them to know And by reading this they will know THAT

is selling the best Ladies Shoe at \$1.50 ever shown in Chelsea.

Subscribe for THE STANDARD. \$1.00 per year.

# AT CLOSING OUT PRI



We have a few of the following articles which will be sold at closing prices

Refrigerators, Plows, Harrows, and Sewing Machines.

F. P. Glazier & Co., the leading drug- Pure Paints and Oils, Pure White ead. in the line of Carriage Paints

### HURRICANE OF FIRE.

TERRIBLE DISASTER TO SOUTH CHICAGO.

Jersey Coast Strewn with Wrecks and Corpses-Kansas Drouth Broken at Last -Minnesota's Funds Tied Up-Dominion Line Steamer Missing.

Burned by Children.

A FIRE, which in peculiarity of origin and features resembles the historic Chicago fire of 1871, consumed a large section of the city of South Chicago Thursday afternoon. Dry as tinder from the recent drought the buildings fed the flames like oil, and in two hours from the time the first alarm was turned in twenty-five acres of the residence territory had been leveled to the ground and 1,000 people had been rendered homeless. Sixty thousand people stood, by and saw the flames eating their way through the fairest portion of their city without stant in their fierce onslaught. Although no fatalities resulted, several firemen and householders were hurt. Shortly after 3 o'cleek little Dora May. with another little friend, kindled a bonfire of small proportions in their back yard. A few minutes later, tired of their play, they brushed the embers up against the fence with a broom, and threw a pail of water over the whole to squelch the flam s. This was the beginning which will be memorable in the history of South Chicago. Fire ate its way into the fence and from the fence into the kitchen of J. L. Babb's residence. Here a gasoline stove exploded, and from there on until no fuel was left in its path the fire was ene ntrollable. The loss will reach \$500,000.

#### NEWS NUGGETS.

THE Birmingham Ala.) City Council has voted to issue city currency.

STUDENTS of the Indiana Norma School at Terre Haute have decided not to return unless President Parsons is removed.

sonia, have suspended. Their liabili- the company, seriously wounded. \$2,000,000.

ALL the Eastern witnesses in the ease of Dr. T. Thatcher Graves, charged with the murder of Mrs. Barnaby, have promised to attend the Dector's second trial at Denver.

BRENTANO, the Anglo-American publisher, has been fined £200,000 damages and costs at Paris for selling a newsparer containing a libel upon the ex-Minister to Hayti from France.

THE Dominion liner Sarnia sailed from Liverpool for Montreal twentysix days ago, and has not been heard from since. It is feared that something has happened to the vessel.

THE boilermakers of the Chicago and Great Western road at St. Paul declined to accept the reduction to \$2.90 a day and as a consequence are not now working. Their places have been sup-

plied. HERBERT INGLIS, marine superintendent for the Cunard Steamship, and eight companions were drowned in the Nene River, near Sutton Bridge, England, while returning from an ex-

A MOB of unemployed laborers at Denver, Colo., drove out of the trench seventy-five men who were working eight hours at \$1.20 a day, with cries

HEIRS next of kin to the late Daniel E. Crouse, who died at Syracuse, N. Y. two years ago, are compromising with a 6-year old daughter by secret marriage, whereby her portion will be

SEAMAN NILS NILSON of the British ship Dunsyne, who was reported to have diel at sea from consumption, really died from extreme cruelty at the hands of the mate, according to the crews statements.

MINNESOTA'S treasury is empty and the Treasurer is unable to pay the salaries of State officers. The State has the eleven banks which have suspended in St. Paul and Minneapolis.

HEIRS of Norman W. Kittson, the St. Paul millionaire, charge James J. Hill he has taken \$800,000 with him. and the St. Paul Trust Company with delaying settlement and attempting to keeper at Portland, Ore., died as the wreck the estate in order to reap large result of a wound in the back received profits in the way of executor's fees.

ware to Massachusetts is strewn with Lieutenant in his militia company, and wrecks, and every vessel that comes into port tells a story of death or disaster from the great hurricane which struck New York Wednesday night. Small vessels had little chance to live through the furious storm. In all twenty-nine lives are known to be lost, of Jackson, Mich., which was the scene and forty-seven more persons are

thought to have perished. SPECIAL bulletins to the Kansas State Board of Agriculture state that there have been soaking rains throughout the corn district, and that in consequence the condition of corn, espeeially the late planted, has been greatly been closed three weeks. helped. The latter is now tasseling and the ears have begun to form, and with reasonable weather until maturing time it will make a fair crop. The early plant is regarded as safe.

#### EASTERN.

NEW YORK CITY and vicinity was visited by a terrible storm. Five lives were lost in Northern New Jersey and in Gotham streets were flooded and great damage done to property in base-

A CANADIAN bookkeeper employed in a railroad office at Black Rock, N. Y., has been deported under the alien labor law, and a liability of \$1,000 is raised against the superintendent who hired him.

AT the Black Diamond Steel Works in Pittsburg the rush was so great for jobs that several men were injured. The announcement that the plant would resume brought 5,000 men for the 1,500 places.

GOVERNOR WILLIAM E. RUSSELL, of Massachusetts, expresses himself as satisfied with three terms in the executive chair and declares that he will not be a candidate for re-election under any circumstances.

THE big Havemeyer sugar refinery at Brooklyn, employing 4,000 men, and affecting about fifteen thousand persons dependent on them, resumed work after a few days' shutdown. It had been expected that the works would not resume for several months and the news was received with great rejoicing.

A CARRIAGE containing five persons was struck by the east-bound flyer of being able to arrest them for one in- the Lehigh Railroad at a crossing two miles north of Leroy, N. Y. All the persons in the vehicle were instantly killed and their bedies frightfully mangled. The horses drawing the carriage were killed, and the carriage it self ground into kindling wood.

MGR, SATOLLI has reinstated Rev. William P. Treacy, pastor of the Swedesboro (Pa.) Catholic Church, who was excommunicated for criticising his superior, Bishop O'Farrell. Rev. P. A. Treacy, brother of the Swedesboro priest, whose removal from a pastorate at Burlington, N. J., caused all the trouble, has also been reinstated.

A TERRIBLE battle occurred at Gilberton, Pa., the other morning. The citizens of Gilberton tore up the tracks of the Schuylkill Traction Company because that company failed to comply with the borough ordinance. The company, with a large force of men, all armed, attempted to re-lay the tracks under the supervision of Assistant Superintendent Richard Amor. A battle followed, in which scores of shots were fired. James Parfitt, aged 25, and William Hughes, citizens, were WALLACE & SONS, brass and copper killed, and Evan Davis and Richard manufacturers at New York and An Amor. Assistant Superintendent of \$875,000; nominal assets, Will Connor was also shot in the hand and foot.

#### WESTERN.

MRS. BROWN, of Bucyrus, Ohio, bought a new stand a few weeks ago and placed it in her parlor. The ray of the sun fell on it and recently sprouts began to come out on its legs. They are now two inches long and still

GRAND-CHIEF D. G. RAMSAY, of the Brotherhood of Railway Telegraphers. has successfully refuted the charges of malfeasance made by the Omaha lodge. The grand directors of the order have investigated the matter and will take no formal action, which is equivalent to an acquittal.

A CROWD of 400 unemployed men marched through the down-town streets | cise and ably delivered. Nearof Chicago and around the City Hall Monday afternoon, headed by one of their number carrying a pasteboard sign on which was scrawled the grim legend, "We want work." It is the first sien. The presiding officer was obliged time in the city that Chicago has seen such a parade.

W. H. HILL, at one time head accountant for the G. H. Hammond Packing Company, of Chicago, who attempted to commit suicide by taking morphine on July 5, died. He unsuccessfully tried to shoot himself later of "No starvation wages in free and was nursed back to life, but could not stand the mental strain and financial distress.

JAMES FILDES, a convict at the Northern Indiana Prison, was engaged in loading a train with lime in company with a number of other convicts and they assisted him to escape by covering him with lime in one of the cars.. When the train pulled out Fildes went with it. When a safe distance from the prison he left the car and is still at

E. U. DONALDSON, late of Kansas City, Secretary of the Union Trust Company of Sioux City, Iowa, President of the First National Bank of Marion, Kan., and of eleven Iowa plenty of funds, but they are tied up in banks, has fled, probably to Mexico. According to the claims of the receivers and assignees of the different institutions with which he was connected

CHARLES E. NELSON, a young bookfrom a charge from a blank cartridge THE coast from the Capes of the Del- in a sham battle. Nelson was Second was charging the gatling gun of the enemy after the plan of the Weldon raids in the civil war. The firing was promiscuous, and it was not known who fired the fatal shot.

HOLCOMB farm, six miles southeast ten years ago of the celebrated Crouch murder, was the scene of an incendiary fire, when Dan S. Holcomb lost his fine residence, two barns, 600 bushels of wheat, thirty-five tons of hay, and buggies, wagons, harness and farm tools generally. The loss is about \$10,000; insured for \$8,000. The house had directed against Frenchmen have of

nection with the failure of the Indian- ingly grave. apolis National Bank have finally led According to a semi-official to the arrest of President Theodore P. nouncement made at Rome Tuesd

Haughey, of the bank; his son Schuyler, President of the glue company; Francis A. Coffin, President of the Indianapolis Cabinet Company, and his brother, Percival B. Coffin, treasurer, and Albert S. Reed, bookkeeper of the latter concern. President Haughey is charged with embezzling bank funds and the others with aiding and abetting him. They are each placed under \$5,000 the efficient and impartial ac-

PEOPLE who saw the "Old Homestead" Friday night at McVicker's, in Chicago, missed Cy Prime and his quarrel with his old-time friend, Seth Perkins, over a game of checkers. The quaint New England "boy" of threequarters of a century had gone after his last armful of wood. He had had his last tussle in the snowbank with Seth and the two "boys" had been separated and reconciled for the last time. When the final curtain was rung down on the old-fashioned play and its pathetic touches of home life George A. Beane, who played Cy Prime, had just died of apoplexy in his dressing-room. He took his part in the first act, but in the last, where his best work was done, he did not appear. As in the acting "Cy" and "Seth" are chums, so it was in the death scene, which was tragedy instead of comedy. "Seth" was with "Cy" when the latter was stricken with death. He placed him in the chair, from which he never arose, and the little act which had been nightly laughed at by the people in the theaters turned into a scene which was realistic and emotional when raised his eyes to "Seth" and told him he was dying. Apoplexy had once before threatened Mr. Beane, and when he cried out to Walter Lennox, who on the stage is "Seth Perkins," the actor guessed the end had come.

#### SOUTHERN.

In a drunken row at Paducah, Ky. W. F. Woods killed his 19-year-old son by hitting him on the neck with a beer glass.

A MAN was killed and several persons seriously injured by a panic in a church at Clarksville, Tenn., caused by mischievous boys under the church pounding on the floors.

A-MAN was killed and several persons seriously injured by a panic in a church at Clarkville, Tenn., caused by mischievous boys under the church pounding on the floors.

THE will of Dr. Hamilton Griffin, probated at Louisville, Ky., bequeaths nothing to his stepdaughter, the retired actress, Mary Anderson-Navarro. All the property goes to his wife, and at his death to his four daughters.

#### WASHINGTON.

SPEAKER CRISP has announced his committees in the House. Mr. Springer is displaced from the Chairmanship of the Ways and Means Committee by Mr. Wison, of West Virginia.

An abstract of reports of national banks made to the Comptroller of the Currency on July 12, compared with that of May 4, shows a decrease in individual deposits of \$193,000,000, in leans and discounts of \$197,000,000, in specie of \$21,000,000, and in undivided profits of \$13,000,000.

SENATOR VOORHEES, of Indiana, Chairman of the Finance Committee, opened the silver battle by addressing the Senate in a lengthy argument in support of his silver-purchase ces-sation bill. The speech received unusual attention, and, according to a Washington dispatch, was conly every Senator was in his seat. Many members of the House occupied sien. The presiding officer was obliged to threaten to clear the galleries in order to repress the applause called forth by Mr. Voorhees' affirmation of alliance to Cleveland and other strong

THE Senate Finance Committee has at last responded to the pressure of public opinion and done something. This something consisted in adopting the following repeal bill, which Sena-

tor Voorhees introduced in the Senate: Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in Congress assembled, that so much of the act approved July 14, 1890, entitled "An act directing the purchase of silver bullion and issue of Treasury notes thereon and for other purposes," as directs the Secretary of the Treasury to purchase from time to time silver builton to the aggregate amount of time silver builion to the aggregate amount of 4,500,000 ounces, or so much thereof as may be offered in each month at the market price there of, not exceeding \$1 for 371.25 grains of pur silver, and to issue in payment for such pur chases Treasury notes of the United States be and the same is hereby repealed; and is hereby declared to be the policy of the United States to continue the us of both gold and silver as standar money, and to coin both gold and silver int money of equal intrinsic and exchangeable where such exchangeable through in the control of the value, such equality to be secured through in ternational agreement or by such safeguard of legislation as will insure the maintenant of legislation as will insure the maintenance of the parity in value of the coins of the two metals and the equal power of every dollar a all times in the market and in the payment of debts. And it is hereby further declared that the efforts of the government should be steadily directed to the establishment of such a safe system of bimetallism as will main tain at all times the equal power of every dollar coined or issued by the United States in the markets and in the payment of debts.

#### FOREIGN.

THE troubles growing out of th fighting between French and Italia workingmen employed at the salt worl at Aigues Mortes, France, threaten involve grave international complic tions. It is not alone that the popula indignation at what the Italians co sider a gross breach of internation comity is finding vent in demonstr tions that are evidently intended to e erce the Government into demandir an apology from France for the attac upon Italians and the payment of demnity to compensate the families those Italians who were killed. Rio curred in many of the provincial town THE sensational developments in con- and the situation is considered-excee

evening, "Admiral Brin, Minister of Foreign Affairs, has instructed Sig. Ressmann, Italian Ambassador to France, to inform the French Government that in view of its spontaneous dismissal of the Mayor of Aigues-Mortes, the Italian Government, appreciating the friendly disposition thus shown and placing complete confidence in tion of the French magistracy for the punishment of the guilty parties, is happy to be able to consider the incident satisfactorily closed." The Italian Government is taking steps to punish the officials who are held responsible for not preventing rioting in Rome. The Paris correspondent of the London Standard says: "The consequences of the Aigues-Mortes affair are making themselves felt in every town where bodies of Italian working-men are emproyed. The excitement is growing intense in the Italian Colony of Marseilles."

#### IN GENERAL

RECRUITING officers say that the prevailing hard times are driving a large number of men-to enlist in the army. There are now only 154 vacancies, while usually the army is about three thousand short of the maximum limit of

THE State Department has received notice from the Viceroy of China that no retaliatory measures will be initiated by his government at present and that every effort will be made to protect Americans in China until Congress meets in regular session

THE Alaska Fur Sealing Company, whose contract with the United States calls for a rental of \$60,000 per year and a tax of \$9 per skin, has been ordered to cover into the Treasury the sum of \$289,000 that was illegally remitted by Secretary Foster.

THE following officers have been elected by the Sons of Veterans in convention at Cincinnati: Commanderin-chief, Joseph B. McCabe of Boston; Vice Commander-in-chief, R. P. Omer, of Illinois: Junior Vice Commander-inchief, C. P. Wilkinson, of Cizcinnati.

THE Irish Catholic Benevolent Union of North America has elected these officers: President, E. C. Flannigan, of Philadelphia; First Vice President. J. J. Behan, of Kingston, Ont.; Second Vice President, Mrs. Kate Riley, of Toledo: Secretary, S. J. Sauson, of Philadelphia: Treasurer, Michael Glennon, of Norfolk, Va.

FOLLOWING is the standing of the clubs of the National League:

W. L. Pc. W. L. Pc.

Bostons...70 29 .707 Cincinnatis.46 51 .474

Pittsburgs..59 40 .596 Baltimores..45 54 .455

Philadelp'ia.57 41 582 St Louis....44 55 .444

Clevelands..54 42 .563 Chicagos...41 58 .414

New Yorks..52 45 .536 Louisvilles..37 57 .394

Brooklyns..48 .50 .490 Washi'gt'ns.34 65 .343 R. G. DUN & Co.'s Weekly Review

of Trade says: There is a rift in the clouds. Faint and yet definite signs of improvement are all the better because they come, not from possibly delusive hopes or from momentary foreign aid, but from the good sense and the wonderful recuperative power of the people themselves. Business is trying to go ahead without waiting for Washington. Imported gold -\$9,000,000 or more during the week-does not go to the right spot, but the people are creating a home-made currency for themselves by using certified checks in paying hands, selling local accounts and purchasing grain and cotton. The bank circulation has increased \$2,000, -000, but the decrease on deposits of national banks alone from May 4 to July 11 was \$193,169,588, and during the last month withdrawals have also been beavy. Little money comes back as yet from timid hoards, and the paralysis of exchange is nearly as complete as ever, but that very fact pushes each section and city into relying more on itself and less on Government and Wall street. Many concerns are failing or closing, but resumptions are now becoming somewhat frequent, and in the very shrinkage of production men see evidence that demand must soon overtake supply. Wheat dragsnear the lowest figures over known, in spite of decrease in visible supply, for, though western receipts are not large, stock on hand is far beyond the power of speculators to carry with money markets in their present condition. The movement of corn is decidedly large, with crop prospects im-

#### MARKET REPORTS.

CHICAGO.

CATTLE—Common to Prime. \$3 25 @ 5 25

Hogs—Shipping Grades. 3 75 @ 6 00

SHEEP—Fair to Choice. 3 00 @ 3 75

WHEAT—No. 2 Spring. 613-24 623

CORN—No. 3

-	OATS-No. 2 RYE-No. 2 BUTTER-Choice Creamery EGGS-Fresh		233	@		24 1/2
0	RYE-No. 2		46	(4)		47 24 1/2 13 1/2
of	BUTTER-Choice Creamery		233	20		24 1/2
e.	EGGS-Fresh		123	200		1332
e-	POTATOES—New, per bu		65	G		75
r-	CATTLE Shipping		00			
8,	House-Choton Light	3	50	(0)	*	10
it	SHEEP-Common to Prime	3	00	(0)	9	50
of	WHEAT-No. 2 Red	٠	57	(4)	,	5736
se	CORN-No. 2 White		40	(0)		41
rd	OATS-No. 2 White		26	(4)		5734 41 27
0	SHEEP—Common to Prime WHEAT—No. 2 Red. CORN—No. 2 White OATS—No. 2 White ST. LOUIS. CATTLE. HOGS. WHEAT—No. 2 Red. CORN—No. 2 OATS—No. 2 RYE—No. 2. CINCINNATL CATTLE.					
le	CATTLE	3	00	(d)	5	00 -
n- is	Hogs	3	00	@	5	75
CO	CORN No. 2 Red		59	(G		60
vo.	Orre-No. 2		34	(0)		35
at	Ryr-No. 2		48	(cot		M)
of	CINCINNATI		10	9		50
at	CATTLE. HOGS. SHEEP WHEAT-No. 2 Red. CORN-No. 2	3	00	0	4	75
be	Hogs	3	00	(0)	6	00
ch	SHEEP	3	00	id	4	50
n-	WHEAT-No. 2 Red		55	0		5836
1-	CORN-No. 2		42	9		43
in	OATS-No. 2 Mixed		28	(0)		29
	CORN-No. 2 CATS-No. 2 Mixed RYE-No. 2.  DETROIT.  CATTLE HOGS.		48	@		45
	CATTER DETROIT.			-		
	Hogs	3	00	(4)	4	75
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SENATE AND HOUSE OF REPRE SENTATIVES.

Our National Law-Makers and What The Are Doing for the Good of the Country-Various Measures Proposed, Discussed and Acted Upon.

Doings of Congress.

Washington correspondence: N impression h growing about the Capitol that the present extraordinary session of Congress may come to an end about the middle of September. This appears to be based upon confidence in the possibilities of a compromise being entered into within that period upon the financial ques-

menamora tion. Nearly all important legisla. tion accomplished in recent years has been the result of compromise and the outcome of conference committees. Those persons who hold to the opinion that adjournment is possible in September say that Mr. Vest's proposition to provide for free coinage of silver at a ratio of 20 to 1 will be passed by the Senate and ultimately will become a part of the bill for unconditional repeal of silver purchase, which, it is expected, will be passed by the House. The likelihood of a veto by President Cleveland of such a measure has thus been discounted by the believers in an early adjournment. They argue that it would be impossible to rally a two-thirds vote in either branch to pass the measure over a veto, and that nothing could be accomplished, so far as the financial situation is concerned, by Congress remaining in session after such a veto was received. It should be added, however, that the

#### Routine Proceedings.

more experienced watchers of political

events place no confidence in these pre-

dictions.

House committees were announced Merday by Speaker Crisp. Wilson is at the head of ways and means. Springer of banking and currency and Sayers of appropriations. The silver debate was continued. A large audience assembled to listen to Mr. Breckinridge, of Ken-tucky. Mr. Powers spoke for the Wilson bill. Hooker against it, Cooper thought it inexpedient to adopt free coinage at this time, and Mr. Sperry took the opposite view. Mr Cox advocated free coinage and Mr. Little spoke in opposition. Other speeches were made at the evening session. Senator Morrill addressed the Senate at length in advocacy of the repeal of the purchase clause of the Sherman silver bill.

The House met at 10 o'clock Wednesday

morning and the silver debate was opened at once by C. W. Stone (Rep.) of Pennsylvania, who spoke for repeal. Mr. Daizell (Rer.) of Pennsylvania and Mr. Covert (Dem.) of New York pleaded for unconditional repeal. Mr. Fitch (Dem.) of New York followed in the same line. Mr. Hatch (Dem. ) of Missouri, in speaking in favor of free coinage, advocated a caucus of the Democrats of the House and Senate to interpret the Chicago platform-every man of whom would pledge "his life, fortune, and his sacred honor" to abide by the decision. Among the bills introduced in the Senate was one by Mr. Pasco (Dem.) of Florida as a substitute for the minority bill of the Finance Committee (proposing silver coinage at 20 to 1). The substitute proposes a commission of three citizens of the United States to ascertain and report before January. 1894. intrinsic relative value of gold and silver, and that on such report the Secretary of the Treasury shall fix and determine the ratio. The President sent to the fenate the following nominations: Joshua E. Dodge, of Wisconsin, to be Assistant Attorney General, vice W. M. Maury, resigned; G. M. Brumby, of Louisiana, to be Register of the Land Office at New Orleans; C. P. Johnston of Louisiana, to be Receiver of Public Mon-evs. New Orleans; William ID O'Toole, of Washington, to be Register of the End Office at Seattle, Washington; I. J. Wooten. of Delaware, to be Azent for the Indians of the Nevada Agency in Nevada. - Alsoa number of recess appointments, including the Collector of Customs at New Orleans and a half-dozen Postmasters.

The Vice President announced in the Senate. Thursday the appointment of the Committee on the Commemoration of the One Hundredth Anniversary of the laying of the Corner-stone of the Capitol as follows: Senators Voorhees, Sherman Ransom, Chandler, White, Squire and Martin. The House joint resolution, making the act of May 14, 1890, as to town sites, applicable to the Cherokee Outlet, was reported back to the Committee on Public Lands with an amendment requiring the trustees who are to be appointed to be residents of the territory of Oklahoma at the time of their anpointment, and an effort was made by Mr. Berry (Dem) of Arkansas to have it passed. but objection was made by Mr. Manderson (Rep) of Nebraska and the bill was placed on the calendar. The silver dehate was then resumed in the Senate, as also in the

#### Currencies Condensed.

THE Finney County Bank of Kansas was deliberately looted by the officers. A BLOCK of buildings burned at Terarkana, Ark., causing a loss of \$40,000. BANKER KINKAID, who disappeared at Mound City, Kan., leaving debts of

\$200,000, has reappeared at his home. BURGLARS cracked the safe in the Missouri Pacific freight office at Ne braska City, Neb , and secured \$4,000.

THE Irish Catholic Benevolent Union met at Pittsburg and decided upon York, Pa., as the next meeting place. THE Southern Distilling Company of Dallas, Texas, has filed a chattel mort gage to secure claims aggregating \$68,500.

JOHN BOYD and George Terry resisted arrest at the hands of a sheriff's posse at Winslow, Ark., and Boyd was shot

FRED STODDARD was arrested at Kalamazoo, Mich., charged with cashing a check for \$350 in Toledo, Ohio. intended for another man of the same name.

specimens of the Oratorical Outflow Mined from the Veins of the Congressional Record-Many Proposed Solutions of a Great Question.

Debate in Congress.

Silver-tongued orators in Congress have spoken for silver and against silver. Some have not spoken at all, while still others, not silver-tongued. have talked and have said nothing of interest to the public. Many of the speeches made during the two weeks' debate have been of such length as to be tiresome, and no paper except our esteemed contemporary, the Congressional Record, has cared to print these speeches in full. From the columns of this more or less interesting journal we extract the following from the effortsof some of the prominent debaters:

Senator Voorhees Plan.

Senator Voorhees, of Indiana (Dem.); We are confronted by a law without precedent or parallel in American history; a law which for months past had been the theme of all tongues and pens, and in whose name financial panic, alarm, and distress had been invoked, and for whose repeal this Congress has been convened. As a firm, unfaltering believer in bimetallism, Lyoted against the passage of the Sherman act, and for the same reason will vote for its repeal. The question has been asked whethera vote should be given for its unconditional repeal or whether a substitute must be agreed up n. I would at once eradicate this confessed evil from the body of our laws, with no other condition than my right and free agency to support and to secure, in connection with its repeal, or afterward by an independent measure, as the success of its immediate repeal—the primary duty of the hour—may at the time dictate, a sound financial system, embracing the coinage silver on an equality with gold. In making this statement I only repeat the declaration of the Chicago platform. The banks intensely realize that the present supply of government bonds for banking purposes must be very largely increased within the next five years or they will be forced to commence winding up and retreating from the theater of action on which they have so long appeared. I stand against the existence, the increase or the perpetuation of the national debt for purposes of national banking and call upon the millionwho constitute the great army of the laborers to take notice of this issue from this time on-an issue that will not down at any man's bidding. I do not expect the gevernment ever to abandon a national currency, though it would abandon the sys-tem of national banks. The great value of State bank money is, and ought to be. mainly local. It will increase the home circulation and the home accommodation of every agricultural community on American soil. In the meanwhile it should be the duty of the Federal Government to issue its own unas-sailable notes by retiring much of the present outstanding currency, and also by the pay-ment of its debts, and to issue them in amounts equal to the requirements of trade as nearly ascertained as possible. Those who live to witness the adoption of this policy will look upon the safest, strongest and most beneficial system of finance ever before known in American history. It has in it the elements with which to accomplish these paramount and indispensable features of all sound financial legislation.

No Question of Sectionalism. Senator Hoar, of Massachusetts (Rep.). Mr.

President, any man or party in the Eastern States who should desire to have the value or the purchasing power of the dollar increased in order that the value of debts, or that assured and permanent incomes might be increased, or in order that speculation in gold or in credits might be rendered more profitable, would be hurled from power and buried in infamy by the swift and righteous indignain infamy by the switt and righteous indigna-tion of the whole people of those States. The prosperity, the power, the happiness, the rapid growth of the Northwest and the South are as dear to the people of New England as their own. What they want, what they de-sire and strive for, is not an appreciating standard of value, but an unchanging standard of value, so far as the lot of humanity will of value, so far as the lot of humanity will admit. Appreciation and depreciation can be ascertained and provided for. But, to use the expressive phrase of Mr. Balfour, "money is the record of obligations extending over long periods of time." And it is an injury, it is destruction to any community which has risen in civilization above the pirate stage. when that record is liable to uncertainty or is the subject of speculation or gambling. If the people of the Northeast seem to the people of another part of the country to be contending for anything likely to bear hardly upon them, it is because they do not see or anticipate such a result, and not because they desire it or are indifferent to it. I do not believe that any large number of the people of the Northwest desire the destruction of property, impairment of credit or any injury whatever to the people of the Northwest. Their ambition is to acquire property; their hope is in the establishment and maintenance of credit. They always have depended, and for a long time in the future must depend, for these things on a close alliance and an interchange of advantages with the people whose children they are, with the States whence they came, and with communities from whose institutions they have modeled the states whence they came, and with communities from whose institutions they have modeled the states whence they came, and with communities from whose institutions they have modeled the states are stated to the stated to the states are stated to the st their own, and with whom in the great and glorious future they must live or bear no life. Chief among the resources of the West is its alliance with a wealthy and prosperous East. The wealth of the East must perish but for its alliance with a wealthy and prosperous West. perous West.

No Time for Contraction. Senator Wolcott, of Colorado (Rep.) When the papers yesterday and the day before announced that the banks were unable to furnish the farmers of Indiana and Minnesota and the Northwest with even the currency sufficient to move their grain, do you mean to tell us that confidence is to come back if you will only unconditionally repeal the Sherman act? Will it bring confidence back to the railroads, who see diminishing earnings week after week. earnings which will diminish in a still greater ratio in the months to come, with a poverty-stricken people unable to get their currency from the banks, and with the price of their grain constantly decreasing? Is it to bring confidence back to them? Will it bring confidence to the millions of people in the far Northwest, who have seen their principal industry stricken down by the existing condition of affairs, and which the passage of this resolution would entirely obliterate? Will it bring them confidence? Those people, Mr. President, law-abiding and orderly, ask, under the protection of the flag, to be permitted to earnings which will diminish in a still greater the protection of the flag, to be permitted to earn their living and to carry on an industry which the law has recognized since the founda-tion of the republic. The Senator from Mas-sachusetts cells us that we want first uncon-ditional ditional repeal, and afterwards some measure will be enacted for the recognition of silver. You say to those people, already almost homeless, with the roof of their cabin gone and poverty beginning. erty before them, "If you let us knock out your foundation stone and obliterate all trace of your home and the place of your habitation, in the time to come, after we have had consideration, we will build you a stone-front house." Now, Mr. President, confidence will not thus be brought back.

"I Would Act."

Senator Lodge, of Massachusetts (Rep.) The Senator from Missouri (Mr. Vest) yesterday said, in referring to the condition of the silver States, that if we were to have legis-Senator from those States would be here ready to offer the most bitter resistance. Mr. President, the mills of New England are closed now. There is no need of further legislation. At this moment, with the exception of two mills, there is not a spindle turning in the city of Lawrence, and they employ 12,000 hands. There is only one mill going in the lation to close the mills of New England every

city of Lowell, and they employ over 20,000 hands. There are over 30,000 people out of employment at this moment in only two of the cities of the Commonwealth that I in part represent. Multiply it by ten and you get some dea of the distress that rests upon the State of Massachusetts. Multiply it by 100 and you get some idea of the distress pervading the Northern States, and when there is such a blight resting on the industries of my own State, and of all the other great industrial States of the North, for one I have no mind for action. I believe it is the highest duty that the Senate can perform to take the quickest possible action. It seems to me a case, Mr. President, to which I may apply the words of a very distinguished predecessor of mine, Mr. John Quincy Adams, "I would not deliberate; I would act."

Palmer for Repeal.

Senator Palmer (Dem.), of Illinois, argued in support of 'the repeal bill. It could not fairly be asserted, he said, that the President did not favor the use of both gold and silver as the standard money of the country, nor did it follow that, because the Prezident had failed to say a word in reference to bimetallism in his recent message to Congress, he would disapprove of legislation providing for coinage of both metals that would be of equal exchangeable and intrinsic value. He expressed the opinion that the great majority of the Americae people would not only approve but would icae people would not only approve but would rapturously applaud legislation that would establish and maintain the bimetallism of the Chicago convention. he believed, however, that in the present state of the market it was beyond the power of any finite mind to fix the ratio of silver to gold, because the market value of silver was in a state of chronic fluctuation. The present ratio should be adhered to, the Sherman law repealed, and the use of silver coin encouraged by judicious laws, and then the influence of events upon the relative valwith the hope that by the use of effective means the country might at no distant day reach the point where both gold and silver could be coined and used without discrimination between them.

Locating the Responsibility.

Senator Cockrell, of Missouri (Dem.). Mr. President, I confess that the people have lost confidence; but in whom? In the financiers. the gold monometalists, who are undertaking to fa-ten their iniquitous and oppressive and robber system upon the toiling millions of this country. Confidence has been lost in the banks that made this panic to order, who cut and hedged and rolled it in to suit themselves, and then it escaped from their clutches and is playing sad havoc with them and with all the people of the United States. It passed beyond their control, and the people have lost confidence in them. What is the result. The people go to the banks to draw out the money that is in the banks and when they have that is in the banks, and when they have drawn out 10 or 15 per cent, of the liabilities of the banks they have absorbed all the money in the United States, and there is no money that anybody else can get for any purpose. There is not money enough in this country; as a matter of course there is not; but the whole financial system that the distinguished financiers in the East have been building for years is based upon confidence, taith, hope, and charity. Destroy confidence, and the fabric falls. That is all there is abiut it.

The Fifty-eight Cent Dollar.

Mr. Cox, of Tennessee (Dem.). I have listened with a great deal of pleasure to the gentleman's argument. He has stated that the silver dollar is worth to-day 54c. Mr. Harter, of Ohio (Dem.) Fifty-eight cents. Mr. Cox. Well, 5sc. Now, the question is, do you know of any man in the United States who has silver dollars that he will sell at that price, 5sc? Mr. Harter. Certainly not, under present conditions. But I know every man who has a silver dollar— Mr. Cox. One moment, please. Does not the 5sc silver dollar buy just as much of the products of this country as any other dollar? Mr. Harter. To that I answer yes. But that is not the point. That is the present condition under limited coinage, but you are proposing to change it. In further answer to my friend from Tennessee, whom I regard as an authority on his side of this subject, I say to him that while it is true to-day, the very morning that you have by your law established free coinage in this country, then it ceases to be true, and that every dollar in existence which is now held up to its full nominal value by our present law will sink to 5sc, the bullion value, as soon as your law becomes operative.

Impossibility of Bimetallism. Mr. Harter, of Ohio (Dem.). I say to my friend from Louisiana, without a miracle we cannot keep both gold and silver coin in circulation at any fixed ratio. It is as much the law of God as if it were written between the covers of the Bible. You cannot do it without a miracle, and miracles must originate on high, not on this floor. Your legislative en-actments cannot accomplish it. I say to-day it would be more easy for Congress to secure bimetallism under free coinage—that is, keep both metals in general circulation at a fixed ratio, no matter how high or how low the ratio -than to discover perpetual motion. We could just as easily mix oil and water. We could go out to the Soldiers' Home Cemetery over there and clothe the dried bones of the dead with flesh, put seeing eyes into their central processing and creek from their remains sightless sockets, and erect from their remains living, breathing men, as readily as we could keep the two metals in general circulation under free coinage at any ratio whatever. And how then, can we do it, as proposed here, at 16 to 1? Why, this morning, if the ratio of 16 to 1 were fixed as the basis of your coinage, a dowar of silver would be worth 58 cents.

A Texan Appeals to Shakspeare.

Mr. Bailey, of Texas (Dem.). But, gentlemen, you deceive yourselves as to the temper of the people on this subject if you imagine that you can pacify them by shallow declamations about a dishonest dollar. If the present silver dollar is not an honest one, the people are willing to make it so, according to any reasonable provision that can be proposed, and all they ask of you to-day is an opportunity to fairly test the matter. Will you deny them this? Dare you do so in the face of your platform? If you do, then when you come again to ask their confidence and their support they may an wer you with the bitter words of Macbeth about the weird sisters: "And be these juggling fiends no more believed, That palter with us in a double sense; That keep the word of promise to our ear.

And break it to our hope. The California Reason.

Mr. Bowers, of California (Rep.). I asked a man who was working for me, and who, as soon as he learned of the run on the banks, rushed down to get his money, why he did it. He did not want the money. He replied: "I don't know how it looks to you. Bowers, but to me it looks like corky times ahead. I am afraid of Congress. If it knocks out silver, stops coining it, they have got money cornered sure." And that is what has happened. And when you, gentlemen, ask why you can not get money to do business, it is because it is cormoney to do business, it is because it is cornered. That is the plain English of it. It was only necessary to send a few millions out of the country, lock up a few millions in bank vaults, the proper notices in the press, and the stocking could be depended on to complete

England Is Financial Heaven. Mr. Hopkins, of Illinois (Rep.). I understand you to say that the condition of England under its financial arrangements and of the English people is better to-day than that the English people is better to-day than that of any other country on the globe. Mr. Harter, of Ohio (Dem.): I did say so. Mr. Hopkins, of Illinois: Does the gentleman mean to say that the condition of the laboring classes of England is better than that of the laboring classes of America? Mr. Harter: I say that the laboring man's condition in England to-day, compared with the laboring man's condition in the State of Ohio, from which I come, is as much better (owing to the ruin wrought by this same silver question, however) as a by this same silver question, however) as a berth in heaven is superior to a cot in purga-

floor on this subject make me think of the boy whose father was a clergyman, who was asked by another boy if his father ever preached any of his old sermons. "Oh, yes," he said, "but he does not holler in the same place." The arguments which have often been refuted by arguments which have of the bottom of the liver.

HARRY WILLIAMS, a farmer worth \$20,000 a few years ago, was arrested near Carney, Ind., for stealing a large quantity of wheat and placed in jail at Columbus.

Next lessor—"Paul at Rome." Acts xxviii. 20-31.

### THE SUNDAY SCHOOL. WAS A GLORIOUS DAY. NEWS OF OUR STATE.

REFLECTION.

A Pleasant, Interesting, and Instructive Lesson, and Where It May Be Found-A Learned and Concise Review of the

· Paul Shipwrecked.

The lesson for Sunday, Sept. 2, may be found in Acts 20: 30-44.

INTRODUCTORY. Here is the story of a man of faith, a story, let us be sure, worth hearing. There is, after all, so little faith, real faith, personal faith toward God to-day. Indeed, we have fallen on days quite nearly faithless. Thank God now for a man who could stand up in the teeth of the angry sea and cry out to the huddled affright about him: "I believe God that it shall be even as it was told me." O, for more such men. O, for another such man to-day! Brother, have you one somewhat like Paul here. a man who can truly and heartily say, "I believe God?" Then praise God for the boon. And do not be ungenerous. Pass him around. Send him up our way. We need him here, there, everywhere. "Lord, increase our faith,"

POINTS IN THE LESSON. Paul is on his way to the Eternal City. He is bound for Rome-bound, as much so on the broken piece of the ship as when on its smooth deck. The word had been spoken: "Thou must be brought before Casar.'

But there was another necessity. The conditions must be kept. "Except these abide in the ship, ye cannot be saved." Hence a broken piece of the ship was safer than the boat let down. Let us ever remember it; there are two musts: What God must, and what

"And so it came to pass that they escaped all safe to land." This is the human statement of it. Somehow they all got to shore. And there were the human and physical agents to the rescue. The man struggling with the wave, the boards and planks of the ship, the island in the midst of the sea, and the islanders, not so hard of heart as was their wont. This last, too, was wonderful. But it was all on the earthly side. It was man's part. But beneath and behind all, accounting for everything, and leading toward all accomplishments, was the word of God spoken to Paul in the night, "Lo, God hath given thee all that sail with thee." Trust God. Through agencies and instrumentalities, many and diverse, he brings his counsels to pass.

> "Blind unbelief is sure to err God is his own interpreter, And he will make it plain."

HINTS AND ILLUSTRATIONS. The struggle of this ship to reach land, or rather the endeavor of Paul to bring to pass the promise and land all these souls safely ashore, has been more than once used as suggestive of the efforts of churches in revival times. Hints and illustrations at least may be found, and properly, if only it be remembered that it is nothing more than illustrations, and care needs to be exercised. But let the picture do its work and tell all the good lessons to find utterance. If the class cares to deal thus allusively with the instruments of conversion, the query might be raised, "On what board or plank of the vessel did you come ashore? What broken piece of the ship helped you to solid ground?" Let it be an experience meeting as to how, by varied means, God leads his people to their own.

There is only one supreme Intelligence whom we can trust at the last. Perhaps the saddest part of the terrible calamity which befell the "Victoria," flagship of the British squadron, on the high seas, was the false confidence reposed in the admiral. He had never before made a mistake; he was to be trusted and obeyed. And so the hazardous order was heeded, and so the rescue boats kept well aloof, and so the officers and mariners staid by the doomed vessel and were lost. Ah, the best of men sometimes, somewhere fail. God alone makes no mistakes.

Paul recognized every event as an occasion to glorify God and Jesus Christ. Here in this quiet retreat at the north and in the parlors of Temple Grove, Saratega, the ministers have been discussing speaking for Jesus. Some one suggests that opportunity for such witnessing is oftener given than is taken, and he relates an incident in connection with the life of the missionary associated with him in church work. A tall, awkward-looking man, this missionary, unpolished, unprepossessing in appearance, but with a deal of shrewdness and quick to seize an occssion. Riding home in a crowded street car, holding on and swaying by a strap, his limp Bible under his arm, he became the object of mirth and of heartless guying from trees were torn up by the roots and returning from a theater. He stood it patiently, but presently one of them, exclaimed, so that all could hear him, "Mister, would you be good enough to answer me a question?" "If Lean," was the courteous response. "Well, please tell me how far it is from here to heaven." What would you have said, brother? The missionary, leaning over, quietly but clearly, responded, "Just a step, will you take it?" There was a "A wise man seeks wisdom, and when

THE FAIR.

There by the Hundreds of Thousands to Glory in the Pride of the Prairie State-Everbody Who Attended Had a Rousing Old Time.

Jackson Park Was Crowded.

Illinois day, Thursday, at the World's Fair, was a revelation. While everyone expected that the attendance would surpass that of any day except the opening, no one ventured to predict the crowd that was present. The Prairie State did herself proud. All day Wednesday the regular incoming trains were crowded; and on Thursday, when the half-rate trains were running, both regular and excursion trains -the latter in three to five sections of ten to twelve cars each-were literally packed like sar-suckers. They came from from all sections of the State. There was the husky farmer, the prosperous business man, and the brawny artisan from the northern and central portions, and the man with whiskers like a goat from Egypt, and all brought their families. Lines of transportation to the grounds swarmed with human beings like an apple tree with bees. The boats were fairly buried; and at the entrances to the grounds the silver streamed in as it had never done before, and the turnstiles clicked and registered as if the crowd would never cease. Inside, the boasted elbow-room was at a premium, especially at points of interest. Everybody was out for a time: and if he didn't have it, he will at least never come so close to it again, There was no tiresome oratory, but

there was lots of circus. Every few rods in any direction a brass band crashed and blared. Here and there, till everybody thought that the whole standing army was on the grounds, squads of the Illinois National Guard up. of 5,000 were marching to their rendezvous. The different parades of the day were forming, and people of every nation on earth scurried hither and thither until it must have seemed to \$971 on his person. some of the visitors that the millennium had dawned.

a. m., and as they passed the natives

The formal program began with the march of the people from Midway Plaisance. The State militia led at 9

from each village filed in on their camels, donkeys and Arabian horses. But there was no parading by these through the grounds. So far as the Plaisance crowd was concerned, it simply marched to the Illinois Building and back. The concessionaires would not lose two or hours of business in the middle of the day. Promptly at 11 o'clock there was a grand parade of the "Congress of Rough Riders," from Buffalo Bill's. This was headed by the Cowboy band. The parade of the Illinois troops returned to efited thereby. Already twelve better the State building at 12, headed by Gov. Altgeld in his capacity as Commanderin-chief. Here the Governor paused to review the troops. The festivities with the millitary department continued until late in the afternoor, and included an exhibition drill by Company C of the Third and the Springfield Cadets. At 2 o'clock an informal reception was held by the Governor. But the evening furnished the greatest sight. There was a fine display of fireworks from the lake east of Manufactures Building, the electric fountains were running, the search lights going. Wooded Island was illuminated, and gayly lighted craft floated about the waters of the lagoons. In the fireworks display in addition to the numerous novel effects furnished there were two special set pieces, one showing the façade of the Illinois State Building, 60 by 40 feet in size, containing 12,000 separate burning pieces, and the Lincoln Monument at Springfield, 40 by 40 feet, with 10,000 burning lances. "Old Glory" and the American eagle burned in the eastern sky. It was a fitting culmination to a grand day-one long to be remembered by the hosts of proud Illinoisans present.

#### CYCLONE AT GOTHAM.

Destructive Storm Sweeps Over the Atlan-

A hurricane struck the Atlantic coast the other night doing incalculable damage. It swept the coasts of Massachusetts. Connecticut, New York and New Jer.ey. The wind came from the northeast and attained a velocity of over eventy miles an hour at times and was accompanied by torrents of rain. Reports from towns and cities in the storm-swept districts tell of vessels and pleasure yachts being swept from their moorings and wrecked. No loss of life is reported. The streets in upper New York were flooded; while a company of hilarious young people hurled into the streets. Some of the streets of Brocklyn were impassable because of fallen trees and a kind of leader among them, gave debris. At Bayenne, N. J., all but him his opportunity. "Say," this one one of the vessels of the yacht club were driven ashore, and destroyed. Many washouts are reported on the railroads. A washout at Mount Vernon, N. Y., caused the wreck of a New Haven and Hartford freight train. Telegraph and telephone wires are down. The storm left its mark over the whole region around New York within a sweep of fully one thousand miles. The moment's hush then. Just before the rainfall, measuring 3.82 inches during man with the Bible alighted he added, twelve hours, is the heaviest that has ever been recorded by the New York he gets it acts upon it; will you?" That signal man. Through the dragging of was all. But it led to that young anchors in the North River, more than

THOUGHTS WORTHY OF CALM CITIZENS OF ILLINOIS CAPTURE ITEMS OF INTEREST TO MICHI-GANDERS.

> Cruel to His Horse-Monroe County's Banner Wheat Field-This Lakeville Farmer Should Wear Bristles-Discharged After Thirty-five Years.

> From Far and Near. FARMERS in Schoolcraft County reported several heavy frosts.

> A GANG of thieves are following the races in Michigan this year.

> HARRISON BEACH, near Manistique, on Indian Lake, is a new summer re-ESCANABA'S big stove factory, which

the city was to get for a \$25,000 bonus, didn't materialize. GUY GLOWAY, a despondent Grand

Rapids laborer, committed suicide by taking morphine. JOSEPH GARDNER, a farmer of Kinross, near the Soo, shot five good-sized

bears one day within an hour. SIMON OLESON, a young man near Crystal Falls, was shot in the neck

while fishing, by unknown parties. A STOCK company has been organized at Manistique for the purpose of building an opera house in that city.

A \$2,000 ADDITION is being built to Armada's school. Scarlet fever is raging in four different families there. Work has been begun at Rose City.

Ogemaw County, upon a new shingle mill which is to have a capacity of 100,000 daily. DAVE CUNNINGHAM is an old hunter of Manistique, but the other day the

gun got to acting funny, and Dave has one hand less. GAS was struck on the farm of A.

Masten, near Azalia, Monroe County, while the latter was drilling for water. A flame about thirty feet high blazed A YOUNG man supposed to be Ed A.

Robinson, of Dundas, Ont., was killed near Wayne by a Michigan Central train. He had an insurance policy for LEONARD GENTNER had for thirty-

five years been foreman on the Lake Shore between Ida and Monroe. He has now been discharged on account of an accident to a girl near Ida. THE largest yield of wheat reported

yet, except for occasional patches of several acres, is 1,600 bushels from fifty acres. This was on the farm of Edward Stankark, of Ida, Monroe County. Some campers at Lakeville went into

a farmer's cornfield and confiscated thirty ears. Then they went to the His price was house to pay for them. \$5. and they paid it. This farmer was

EWEN, the business portion of which was recently swept by fire, will be benbusiness blocks are about ready for occupancy, and the burnt district is no more.

THERE is a remarkable pear tree on Frank Tucker's farm, on the Clinton River, below Mt. Clemens. It is fiftyeight feet and four inches high and eight feet five and a half inches around the trunk. It is one of the old French variety and was planted by Mr. Tucker's grandfather over 100 years ago.

A BEAR LAKE farmer had been told that a good way to make a horse stop kicking was to tie its head and tail together and then give the animal a good thrashing. He tried it, but a kind-hearted neighbor saw him and had him arrested for cruelty to animals. The farmer is now looking for some other remedy which comes cheaper than \$10 fine and \$7 costs.

SETH HOLCOMB, of Grand Kapids, at his death some time ago. bequeathed \$4,000 to his wife, and the rest of a \$100,000 estate to the children of his son, John W. Holcomb. The wife died and the son petitioned the court to allow him the \$4,000 which had been bequeathed to his mother. The court held that under the law the wife was not a relative of the husband, and the \$4,000 would have to revert to the

FROST has destroyed the huckleberry crop in many sections of Arenac County.

JOSEPH DUFFECK and Annie Maltousa were married at Menominee. Both came all the way from Bohemia to get married.

THREE prisoners escaped from the jail at Menominee while the turnkey was bringing them from the bath-room. One was caught.

A 3-YEAR-OLD child of Mrs. Vanvalkenburg, of Midland, fell into a basin of water and was drowned. The woman's husband was killed in a mill accident last year.

AFTER a rain the farms in certain sections of Baraga County were covered several inches deep with army worms. It is supposed the worms came down with the rain. WILL CARLETON will spend several

months at the Soo. It is said that enthusiastic admirers of the scenery of the Soo advised him to go there to find subjects for new poems.

E. BEMENT & SON, Lansing, who employ 500 men, have made a cut of 10 per cent. in wages, but will retain a full force. The Lansing Lumber Co. will make a similar cut.

THE Board of the Agricultural College has promoted Instructor V. O. Hedrick to be Assistant Professor of History and Political Economy, and F. B. Munford to be, Assistant Professor

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### THE CHELSEA STANDARD

CHELSEA, FRIDAY, SEPT. 1, 1893.

#### LOCAL BREVITIES.

Thanks to the M. C. R. R., there is one spot of nice green grass in Chelsea.

W. E. Stocking has moved to Ann Arbor, and is now living on State street.

Dr. Twitchell, of Saginaw, is now located at this place with Dr, G. W Palmer.

Labor Day will be celebrated at Jackson Monday next. Half fare on railroads.

Miss Maud Flagler commenced her fall term of school on Collins' plains, Monday last.

Fred Kilmer, formerly of this place, has a position on the new U. S. gunboat, New York.

Prof. E. E. Webster has moved into the house owned by Geo. Blaich on south side of Summit street. R. West bought twelve frogs to

town one evening this week, the combined weight being eight pounds. "New England with pink and white"

at the Town Hall, September 8th, at 8 o'clock, p. m., sbarp. Be there. Mr. and Mrs. Milo Shaver are the

proud possessors of a brand new boy. He will celebrate his birthdays on August 26th. ber 8th, catch a glimpse of New Eng-

land home-life given by the Baptist ing the attendance of the young men. young people.

little girl who came to their home, sonations and poses at the Town Hall, Sunday, August 27th.

Mrs. John Eschelbach, of Freedom, died very suddenly Thursday. We A fellow who had been criticised by Storms, Miss Elizabeth Depew, Miss have been unable to obtain any further his local paper applied to a lawyer to Cora Bowen, Miss Dora Harrington, particulars of the case.

Bro. Woodruff, of the Ypsilanti Sentinel, is now called Captain Wood. ruff, he having been elected captain of Co. G., Ypsilanti Light Guards.

bor September 11th for one day, for two years it has failed to put in apmotions, etc. The regular term of court will not convene until October.

Cuyler Barton, whose preliminary hearing on the charge of arson, has been held before Justice TurnBull, has been bound over to the circuit court.

Word has reached us that Ed. Riemenschneider who removed from this place to Minneapolis last spring, has bought a barber shop in that city.

Remember, friend, all the fruit hanging on your neighbor's side of the line belongs to him. The shade and roots damage his soil, hence the equity.

Ann Arbor was held up by a foot pad a number of new-books and get some Saturday evening, but was not relieved of the old ones rebound, and need the of any of his valuables, because he had money.

effect on the M. C. R. R. again last oration upon the settlement of New Sunday. It will be found properly England. In closing he said, "Adcorrected on last page. Paste it in your hat.

There was a large crowd out at Saline Thursday of last week to attend the celebration of German day. The celebration will be held in Chelsea next year.

That engineer who told the people of Ann Arbor that they were blessed in having such a good water supply as the Huron river furnished them with, must be posing as a humorist.

A crowd of young people gave farewell frolic at Lake Foam Inn, at Cavanaugh Lake, last Tuesday in honor of Miss Jennie Woods, who leaves for Ann Arbor this week.

We want correspondents in every get instructions and material.

Jenkins says even barbed wire fence is not sufficient hint to some people that their neighbors prefer they should forming them what he has for their not make a public highway of their special benefit during dull seasons,genpremises.

The Dexter News and the Leader have consolidated and will hereafter run under the name of the Leader. Editor Allen was compelled by ill health to withdraw from active busi-

A fellow who couldn't spare a doistamps to a down east yankee to know how to raise beets. The answer came back, "Take hold of the tops and 25c, while shippers could scarcely pay pull."

Tramps are getting numerous and saucy, especially when none but the lady of the house is at home. It is about time to whet up the teeth of the old dog and have him ready when a member of the gentry calls.

Are you making preparations to bring a prize winning article to the Chelsea fair this fall? This is the only fair in Washtenaw county this year, and all should do everything in their power to make it a success.

display of many wonderful acrobatic feats lately, to the merriment of the live scholars. First of all try to rebystanders. Some residents of that alize and appreciate the great privilege, vicinity are learning to ride a wheel, and they are "getting there."

One of Ann Arbor's churches is contemplating having female ushers. The plan is to secure four of the handsom-At the Town Hall, Friday, Septem- est young ladies in the congregation, to act as ushers, with a view of secur-

Miss Ida K. Hinds of New York Mr. and Mrs. L. T. Freeman are City will give a pleasing entertainvery busy at present looking after a ment consisting of recitations, imper-Wednesday evening, September 6th, under the auspices of the Y. P. S. C. E.

> know how he should go to work to Miss Mara L. Wheeler, Miss Mary wreck the paper. He was advised to VanTyne, and Miss Sarah Van Tyne. buy the sheet and run it for six months and was charged \$2 for the advice.

Several years ago Chelsea boasted of Court will be in session at Ann Ar- a crack base ball team, but the last pearance, and this year there has not been a game, of any consequence, played in this place. What is the matter, boys?

> If your purse is too limited for the World's Fair, then do the next best thing-viz, take in a bit of New England at the Town Hall, Friday, September 8th, at 8 o'clock, p. m. Pink and white will be there Don't miss it. Admission 5 cents, refreshments 10 cents.

Look over your private library and see if you are keeping any book that belongs to Chelsea Library Association, and if you have, please return it. If you are indebted to the society, pay up One of the University professors at and help them out. They wish to add

At Plymouth, Mass., December 22. Another new time table went into 1820, Webster delivered an eloquent vance, ye future generations". We think some of these will "advance" to the Town Hall, September 8th, to enjoy glorious "New England," also pink and white, given by the Baptist young people.

When the laws passed by the last legislature are published so that the people may know what they are, some curious things will no doubt be developed. It is now stated that several important changes were made in the election law by the last legislature, among which is one that provides that no election district shall contain more than 650 voters, based on the poll list of the proceeding election, which is 150 more than the limit heretofore. Another is that all caucuses must be held between 2 and 8 p. m., that nocommunity in the vicinity of Chelsea, tices of the caucuses must be published There are plenty of bright young men in the local newspaper five days before and women who could act in this ca- date of the caucus, and that notices week. pacity, and we should be pleased to must be posted up in three public Frank Gilbert and daughter, Miss Arbor. While there little Bertie had have all who will call at this office and places in the district where the caucus Edith, of Sandy Hill, N. Y., are visit- the misfortune to have part of one his is to be held.—Ann Arbor Courier.

The business man who keeps his bargains weekly before his patrons inerally gets the bulk of trade. People looking for bargains, will read the advertisements and take advantages there offered. The most successful men in our business world are those who have put dollars into advertisements.

The markets are extremely dull and lifeless and receipts very light. Wheat is a little higher than one week ago. lar for a newspaper, sent fifty two-cent | Car load lots would bring 55 cents while the few loads that have come in were bought for 54c, oats to consumers that, rye 38c, barley is still sunsalable and no price named. There are no beans moving and it is impossible yet to tell what the new crop will open at. Potatoes 30c, tomatoes 75c, apples 50c, pears 75c to \$1.00 per bushel peaches \$1.50 to \$2 per bushel, eggs 12 c, butter 18c. An occasional fot of wool comes in at former prices.

Starting next Monday morning and following westward with the course of the sun will sound a continuous peal of the school bell as it again calls together the boys and girls after the Park street has been the scene of the long vacation. At such a time it may be well to say a word to the prospecfor it is a privelege, one for which the early settlers of this state taxed themselves severely that our present system might be enjoyed. Remember that your parents will also sacrifice daily that your good may be obtained. Next, if you would be true patriot, go to school. If at first you think your work hard, remember that it was ten. yes one hundred, times harder for the boys in blue to manifest their patriotism. The following efficient corps of teachers will have charge of the Chelsea school the ensuing year; E. E. Webster, superintendent, Miss Angeline Sherwood, preceptress, Miss Nettie

#### PERSONAL

Chas. Miller was a Detroit visitor last week.

B. E. Sparks and sister May, spent Sunday in Leoni, Mr. and Mrs. Jas. Geldes spent Sun-

day in Manchester. Mr. and Mrs. Jas. Speer spent Sun-

day at Sugar Island. Mr. and Mrs. D. H. Wurster spent Sunday in Webster.

J. H. Pottinger, of Ann Arbor, vis-

ited Chelsea Sunday. G. H. Kempf took in the excursion

to Petoskey this week.

Miss Myrta Conk spent Sunday with friends in Jackson.

Henry Pratt, of Grass Lake, was a helsea visitor this week. Mrs. G. J. Crowell is visiting her

parents at Sharon this week. Mr. and Mrs. Warren Cushman are

spending this week in Chicago. Miss Kate Hooker has been spending

this week in Leslie and Lansing. F. P. Glazier and son Harold are

spending this week in Chicago. V. S. Wolcott, of Albion, was in town a couple of days this week.

Mr. and Mrs. Wilber Bowen are visiting Mr. Bowen's parents here. Mrs. Wm. Bacon and family were

North Lake visitors the past week. Emil Zinckie and three sons are taking in the World's Fair this week.

friends in Grand Rapids this week. Geo. Staffan and sister Katy, are at

tending the World's Fair this week. Ed. McKune and sister Agnes are isiting the World's Fair this week. Mrs. T. Smalley, of Guthrie, Okla. joma, is the guest of Mrs. C. H. Minnis.

Miss Josephine Hoppe is attending the Columbian Exposition this week. Faye Moon, Nathaniel Laird and Julius Klein are Chicago visitors this

Mr. and Mrs. C. M. Davis have been visiting friends in Saline and Lodi this

C. Stanger, of Ann Arbor, was the guest of Rev. C. Haag the first of the

iting relatives at this place.

# SPECIAL SALED

Copper Wash Boilers, old price \$4, now \$2.50

Copper Tea Kettles, \$1.50

Copper bottom Boilers, " \$1.75

> ".85 & \$1 " "tea kettles

Mrs. Potts' nickel plated Sad Irons formerly \$1.50, now 99c.

Solid Steel Spades and Shovels, old price 75c now selling for 43c.

Cook Stoves Cheap.

Bring on your cash.

PANGES

neworlds

Bargains in all Departments.

### HOAG & HOLMES

Our Specialties for the next two weeks will be Gasoline Stoves and Baby Cabs at Prices to Close Out.

Buckey and Superior Grain Drills Spring Tooth Harrows at Cut Prices.

Walker Buggies at Factory Prices.

## J. KNAPP.



# Boyd's Restaurant

My wife told me to go to

for my dinner when I came to town, but I thought that I knew more about it than she did, so I went else where, and now I wish that I had taken her advice. I'll go there next time sure.

Mr. Boyd also keeps a fine line of

which he sells at prices that are right. Try him Come and try a dish of our excellent Ice Cream these warm days. You will like it.

Mrs. Marian Blank, of Brooklyn, N. Y., is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. A.

Mrs. Harry Bossoh and Miss Myrta Irwin are visiting friends in Dexter, this week.

Miss Blanche Cushman, of Dexter has been the guest of Mrs II. S. Holmes this week.

Gilbert were Ann Arbor visitors Tuesday last

Mrs. L. S. Allen, of South Lyons, was the guest of Mr. and Mrs. C. M. 42:11. Davis, last week.

Rev. E. L. Moon, of Stockbridge, was the guest of Rev. L. N. Moon the first of the week.

Mrs. L. A. Comstock and children, of Albion, are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. H. W. Schmidt is visiting Mrs. G. P. Glazier.

Mr. and Mrs. David Subbera, of Sanburn, N. Y., have been visitors of Mr. and Mrs. F. H Paine

Glenn Stimson, who has been spending the vacation at this place, has re- any who may wish to unite with turned to his home in Parma

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Schumacher and daughter, of Ann Arbor, spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Schumacher.

Harry Twamley, of Detroit, spent a Please give this your attention. few days of this week here with his parents while on his way home from

Mrs. R. A. Snyder and children spent last week with friends in Ann fingers cut off.

#### CHURCH NEWS.

The Lutheran church of this place will celebrate its twenty-fifth anniversary Sunday, September 10th.

Subject for the B. Y. P. U. prayermeeting next for Sunday evening is For His Sake."-Matt. 5:11.

A load of young people from this place attended a mission festival at Mrs. A. R. Welch and Miss Edith Bethel church, Freedom, Sunday last. Subject for the Epworth League prayer meeting for next Sunday is "Behavior in Stormy Times" - Psalms

> The subject for the Y. P. S. C. E. prayer-meeting for next Sunday evening is "How a Christian can make the best of things."

"Useful lessons from the mistakes of reformers," is the subject of the sermon at the Methodist church next

Sunday evening. Covenant meeting will be held at the Baptist church next Saturday afternoon at 3 o'clock. An urgent call is extended to all the members, also 10 church. Note the hour of meeting, 3

Attention, K. O. T. M.

Assessment No. 51 is now due and should be paid before September 15th.

o'clock.

O. T. HOOVER. Finance Keeper.

#### Advertised Leiters.

The following is the list of letters remaining in the office Aug 28, 1893. Mr. Frank.

WM. JUDSON, P.M.

Subscribe for the STANDARD,

all disorders of the Throat and Lungs is Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. It has no equal as a cough-cure.

#### **Bronchitis**

\$2.50

99c

\$1.25

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"When I was a boy, I had a bronchial trouble of such a persistent and stubborn character, that the doctor pronounced it incurable with ordinary remedies, but recommended me to try Aver's Cherry Pectoral. I did so, and one bottle cured me. For the last fifteen years, I-have used this preparation with good effect whenever I take a bad cold, and I know of numbers of people who keep it in the house all the time, not considering it safe to be without it."-J. C. Woodson, P. M., Forest Hill, W. Va.

Cough

"For more than twenty-five years, I was a sufferer from lung trouble, attended with coughing so severe at times as to cause hemorrhage, the paroxysms frequently lasting three or four hours. I was induced to try Ayer's Cherry Pectoral, and after taking four bottles, was thoroughly cured." - Franz Hoffman, Clay Centre, Kans.

La Grippe

"Last spring I was taken down with la grippe. At times I was completely prostrated, and so difficult was my breathing that my breast seemed as if confined in an iron cage. I procured a bottle of Ayer's Cherry Pectoral, and no sooner had I began taking it than relief followed. I could not believe that the effect would be so rapid and the cure so complete."-W. H. Williams, Cook City, S. Dak. .

# **AYER'S**

Prepared by Dr. J. O. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass. Sold by all Druggists. Price \$1; six bottles, \$5. Prompt to act, sure to cure

pected success that will reward your efforts. We sitively have the best business to offer an agent hat can be found on the face of this earth. \$15.00 profit on \$75.00 worth of business is being easily and honorably made by and paid to hundreds of men; women, boys, and girls in our employ. You can make money faster at work for us than you have any idea of. The business is so easy to learn, and instructions so simple and plain, that all succeed from the start. Those who take hold of the business reap the advantage that arises from the sound reputation of one of the oldest, most successful, and largest publishing houses in America. Secure for yourself the profits hat the business so readily and handsomely yields. All beginners succeed grandly, and more than realize their greatest expectations. Those who try it find exactly as we tell them. There is plenty of room for a few more workers, and we urge them to begin at once. If you are already emploved, but have a few spare moments, and wish to use them to advantage, then write us at once or this is your grand opportunity), and receive

TRUE & CO., Box No. 400, Augusta, Me.



WORLD'S FAIR DIRECTORY CO., 158 Girard and Frankford Avenue.



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COMPOUND. a recent discovery by an old physician. Successfully used

monthly by thousands of Ladies. Is the only perfectly safe and reliable medicine disovered. Beware of unprincipled druggists who der inferior medicines in place of this. Ask for Cook's Cotton Root Compound, take no substiute, or inclose \$1 and 6 cents in postage in letter and we will send, sealed, by return mail. Full sealed particulars in plain envelope, to ladies only, 2 tamps. Address Pond Lily Company. No. 3 Fisher Block, Detroit, Mich.

Sold in Chelsea by F. P. GLAZIER & CO., Druggists ferociously.

Unadilla.

Threshers about here this week. Mrs. Ida Valade, of Rockford, is visiting her aunt, Mrs. S. G. Noble.

A. C. Watson called on Ypsilanti friends during the latter part of last

Waterloo.

Orson Beeman is on the sick list.

Rev. Thos, Swank and family have gone to conference in Allegan county.

Miss Eva Leek was seriously ill last week. Dr. Brown, of Stockbridge at tended her.

iting her grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. Peter Finch.

John Bayer cut fifty loads of clover for seed and expects to have 150 bushels of the seed.

Some young men who had partaken a little too freely of "pond water," made night hideous recently, by holding an imitation-camp meeting in the church sheds.

Sylvan.

The typhoid patients will all be out in a few days.

Mrs. Lulu Buchanan spent Wednes day with Mrs. Homer Boyd. Plowing in this vicinity is entirely

given up on account of the dry weather Mrs. Rolla Beckwith has been mak ing a visit in town a few days of this

Mrs. Silas Loomis, of Sylvan Center aged nearly 90 years, died Wednesday afternoon.

Jno. Knoll has made a fine job fillthe washout in front of the mill for the town last week.

The fruit tree peddlars are around again in full blast. They must be doing well or they wouldn't stay.

Lewis Merke made a four days visit in and about Clinton last week and report them having had rain. All were plowing nicely and getting ready for seeding.

HARD TO UNDERSTAND EACH OTHER.

How a City Missionary Met His Match In the Use of Language.

"My dear brother," faltered the city missionary with red whiskers and a tremolo voice as he reached through the prison bars and fondled the puzzle faced youth-"my dear brother in God, what untoward circumstance, what unforseen influence, led thy erring footsteps from the paths of rectitude?"

"Once more, Petie." Again the missionary repeated his

question with even a greater depth of feeling.

"Yer curves is too wide fer me, podner. What's de graft anyhow?" "How came you in jail? What have you done to thus forfeit your

liberty?" "Nawthin," replied the puzzled faced youth as a flood of light broke in on him. "I didn't do nawthin. But I'll tell you how it was. See? 'Bout six months ago in Portland I hooks up with a gilly from Frisco. He had a poker. See? I'm pretty flip wid do pasteboards myself, but I sees dere wuz a tapioca in sight an didn't want to queer de mark. See! So I touches de wires to a chum of mine in Salem. He's a dead smooth duck-a foxy bloke with a crockery glim. I tells him to come on an help me peel de pelt off a jasper from de sout. See? Well, we sits in a game wid de Frisco mug and pulls his leg for 400.

"Den he maces me fer a round wid de dice. Sez I, 'Does yer mean biz?' basalt blocks,' sez I. See? Well, I an wanted to bowl me fer 50. I takes him up an makes a killin of 80 plunks on Hogan's alley. Den he quits an ducks his nut. See? He didn't let on dat he wuz sore or nothin, and 'bout six weeks later he sends me a letter, tellin me I could make a winnin in Frisco. Tings is comin me way, I tinks, so I lines me clothes wid velvet and goes to Frisco. See?

"De mug meets me at de ferry, trows a few greasers into me, steers me again a brace game, an I sinks me wad. Had to soak me spark to eat on. Den de mug gives me de horse laugh low down, puts de gang on, an I've been skating on me uppers ever since. See? Last night I wuz pinched fer a vag an expect to get it in de neck today, but yer can bet yer feet I'll play even. See?" And the puzzled faced youth scowled

with an expression of pained aston- F. P. Glazier & Co., sole agents, and

compassion, changing to righteous indignation as the youth rounded off his tale of woe. Then the missionary hunted up the turnkey and said it was a downright shame to pen up an insane man with criminals. He was going to see the authorities about it himself.—San Francisco Examiner.

Whates and the Moon.

"You wouldn't believe that fishat least spouting fish-are influenced by the moon?" said an old sea captime and again, and I've called other people's attention to it, too, but I never found any one else who had noticed it. Sometimes when you are Miss Mary Riggs, of Detroit, is vist at sea and whales are to be seen frequently-it may be at the full moon or at a new moon-well, all at once see one for two weeks. Then just as suddenly the water will be full of them. I've compared notes with other vessels. Maybe they were sixty miles or more away at the time and the whales there would be numerous just at the same time they appeared near our vessel. Oh, you fellows three. needn't laugh. There is something in the matter of the estate of William Donner

"And then I've noticed another thing about this same class of fish. When you catch them you will always find that they have the pupil of the eye the same shape as the moon at that time. If the moon is full the pupil will be round, and if it is a half or a quarter the sight will be like a crescent."-San Francisco Examiner.

How Cards Will Run.

"How cards will run" is well illustrated in a series of games of cribbage during six years played between a gentleman and his wife of Belfast. In the last six years they have played 12,800 games together, and Monday evening they were two games apart -that is, one had a lead of two games in the series-and last week they were even games.

At no time during these years has either one had a lead of over seventy games, and on one evening the lady won thirteen straight games. Now, after six years of straight playing. one is two games ahead. It all shows that luck or chance at cards evens things up in the long run.-Belfast

Medical Intelligence.

Doctor—There, get that prescription filled and take a teaspoonful three times a day before meals.

Poor Patient-But, doctor, I don't get but one meal in two days.—Texas

She Could Never Come to Want.

The Mutual Life Insurance Company of New York has just issued an entirely new form of policy, by which the Company will pay to the beneficiary a fixed amount each year for life, after the death of the insured. Any one who will send his age (nearest birthday) and also the age of wife or other beneficiary (nearest birthday) will receive, free, a proposal which will illustrate what can be done. The Mutual Life is the largest and oldest Life Insurance Company. Assets over \$175,-000,000. Schuyler Grant, General Agent. Address, W. II, & H. C. Brearley, Managers for Eastern Michigan. sack an braces me fer a game of Number 80 Griswold St., Detroit. Michigan.

> For Sale Good horses at reasonable prices. Apply to G. W. Boynton.

> > One Way to be Happy.

Is at all times to attend to the comforts yf your family. Should any one of them catch a slight cold or cough, prépare yourself and call at once on F. P. Glazier & Co., sole agent and get a trial bottle of Otto's Cure, the great German Remedy, free. 'Dat's what,' sez, he. 'Trot out yer We give it away to prove that we have a sure cure for coughs, colds, asthma, skins him fer a hundred cases an consumption, and all diseases of the de bones, but the jay wuz dead game Throat and Lungs. Large sizes 50 c.

> With but little care and no trouble, the beard and mustache can be kept a uniform brown or black color by using Buckingham's Dye for the Whiskers.

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The Golden Secret of Long Life. Keep the head cool the feet warm and the bowels open. Bacon's Celery King for the nerves is a Vegetable preparation and acts as a natural laxative, and is the greatest remedy ever discovered for the cure of dysepsia, liver complaint, and all blood At first the missionary listened liver and kidney diseases. Call on stationery — A fine line can be found at this office. Printed from New Type. with an expression of patterns and get a trial package free. Large size ishment not unmixed with awe. Beget a trial package free. Large size ishment not unmixed with awe. Beget a trial package free. Large size is from New Type.

Annual meeting of the k. O. T. M. at Grand Rapids, September 12-15, one fare for round trip. Children half adult rate. Date of sale, 11-12, limited to return September 16th.

Many people, not aware of the danger of constipation; neglect the proper remedy till the habit becomes chronic, or inflammation or stoppage results. A tain. "Well, they are. I've seen it dose or two of Ayer's Pills in the beginning would have prevented all this.

> Don't Tobacco Spit or Smoke Your Life Is the truthful, startling title of a little book

that tells all about No to bac, the wonderful, harmless guaranteed tobacco habit cure. The est is triffing and the man who wants to quit they will disappear and you won't see one for two weeks. Then just as

STATE OF MICHIGAN, COUNTY OF WASH-Court for the county of Washtenaw, holden at the Probate Office in the city of Ann Arbor, on Thursday, the 17th day of August, in the year one thousand eight hundred and ninety

deceased. On reading and filing the petition duly verified, of Thomas Kalkinson, administrator, praying that he may be licensed to sel the real estate whereof said deceased died

Thereupon it is ordered, that Tuesday, the th day of September next, at terro'clock in the renoon be assigned for the hearing of said petition and that the heirs-at law of said deceased, and all other persons interested in said estate, are required to appear at a session of said Court, then to be holden at the Probate Office in the city of Ann Armonder and the said of the city of Ann Armonder and the said of the city of Ann Armonder and the said of the city of Ann Armonder and the said of the city of Ann Armonder and the said of the city of Ann Armonder and the said of the city of Ann Armonder and the said of the city of Ann Armonder and the said of the city of Ann Armonder and the city of An bor, and show cause, if any there be why the prayer of the petitioner should not be granted. And it is further ordered, that said petitioner give notice to the persons interested in sale estate, of the pendency of said petition and the hearing thereof by causing a copy of this order to be published in the Chelsea Standard, a newspaper printed and circulating in said county, three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing. Judge of Probate. WM. G. Dory, Probate Register.

Real Estate For Sale.

CTATE OF MICHIGAN, COUNTY OF WASH Stenaw, ss. In the matter of the estate of Michael Keelan, deceased. Notice is hereby giv en that in pursuance of an order granted to the undersigned, executor of the last will and testament of the estate of said deceased by the Judge of Probate for the county of Washtenaw, on the 11th day of July. A. D. 1893, there will be sold at public vendue, to the highest bidder at the office of G. W. Turnbull in the village of nelsea in the county of Washtenaw in said state, on Monday, the second day of October, A. D. 1893, at I o'clock in the afternoon of that day subject to all incumbrances by mortgage of otherwise existing at the time of the death of said Michael Keelan, the following described real estate, to-wit: All those certain pieces or parcels of land situated in the village of Chelsea and township of Sylvan, county of Washtenaw and state of Michigan, and described as follows to-wit: Lots seven (7) and eight (8) of block 3) James Congdon's second addition to the village of Chelsea. Also three acres of tand situated on the south side of section (welveand north side of section thirteen (i3) in said viz: On the north by the south line o flames Congdon's first addition to said village of Chelsea. On the south by the lands of Thomas Wilkinson on the east by the lands of Thomas Kelly and on the west by the lands of Barney Kedan's estate.

Dated Chelsea, Mich., Aug 15, 1893, John Ross, Executor of the last will and testament of de-



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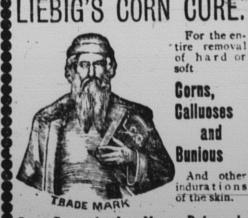
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# AN IDYL OF HONOLU

#### Written for A Bold Stroke for a Husband. - This Paper:

#### BY LEON LEWIS.

CHAPTER V. THE KANAKA LOVER.

A look of marked aversion mantled the face of Miss Bullet, as the intruder emerged more distinctly from the evening shadows. It was such a look as only a woman can bestow after she is off with an old love and on with a new

The new-comer was a Kanaka, as we have said, although only half native. His father had been one of the many runaway sailors domiciled upon the island, but as is often the case with the lower races, the blood of civilization had been assimilated and obliterated by the blood of the savage. Keeri had, in fact, inherited so completely from his mother that it would have been hard to detect any difference of color or form between him and his full-blooded brethren.

He was tall and muscular, with keen. dark eyes, long black hair, a strongly marked nose, a wide mouth and prominent chin, and with a complexion that was brightly tawny, as if his whole person had been subjected to a vigorous polish. Aside from the passions of the moment, which were sufficiently violent, there was nothing rough or repulsive in his aspect, and there was ever a certain dignity in his bearing.

Keeri planted himself squarely before

"Did I not tell you to keep away from here, that all was over between fis, that I wouldn't have anything more to say to you, that I was tired of having you hanging around here eternally? asked Alma. all in one breath.

"Yes, you said so," assented Keeri, still more doggedly.

Then why are you here?"

already stated." you." declared Alma, looking swiftly ousy. Her decision was promptly around to assure herself that Ralph taken. was not within hearing. "You must go away from here immediately. I told you several weeks ago that it was impossible, and always would remain impossible, for me to marry you in your walk of life, and that it would consequently be as much for your peace of mind as for mine that you should turn you attentions upon some other woman. Did I not tell you this?"

Keeri nodded grimly. "Well, I said my last say on that occasion." resumed Alma. "My views are just the same now as then-and always will be. You must go away immedi-

It was clear that this repeated injunction fell upon unwilling ears. So far from complying with it. Keeri dropped into an easy attitude upon the old sailor's favorite rustic seat under the flowering vine that shaded the

door-way of the cottage. "Well, that's cool," commented Alma, as she began tearing the nearest flowers to pieces in her impatience. "What great regard you have for my feelings and wishes! It's easy to see what an obliging and gentlemanly companion you would have made if I had been such a fool as to accept your pro-

posal of marriage. Keeri was not affected at all by this scorn and bitterness, or if so, his countenance only became more adamant.

"I did not, of course, make any allusions to your stove-pipe complexion upon the occasion in question," proceeded Alma, with increased vehemence. "I didn't even hint at the dilapidated state of your treasury. But pelled to say things to you that will be decidedly unpleasant.

Keeri fumbled in one of his pockets, drew out a pipe and tobacco, and was soon smoking like a furnace. "Say them," he muttered.

Alma's face reddened instantly. She still invisible.

This is too much for human endur-"If you do not go away immediately I

will call my father. "You may call him a long time before he will hear you," rejoined Keeri. with a fresh cloud of smoke, as a mock-I overheard him riding his high horse under Kulu's shed as I came along the | mind in my favor and marry me.'

"Do you mean that he was quarreling with Kulu?" demanded Alma, her listen with entire stoniness of heart. the least use, Mr. Keeri, of pestering anxieties changing their object, or She knew well the value of the inherit- us with your vain hopes. We shall

rather widening. "Yes, they were quarreling." "You are not the kind of man to

Keeri took a still more vigorous pull | tion to him. at his pipe, and jerked his head with an air of mystery toward the interior

of the cottage. very thing that you and I are going to gratulate you, of course, as a friend, fully together, "and I only hope it will

that she considered the matter serious. marry you." She turned and closed the door, and then seated herself upon a rustic bench, quickly. opposite that so freely appropriated by ber rejected suitor.

"They were talking about Mr. Ben-

ning?" she asked slowly. They were not only talking about him," communicated Keeri, "but quarreling. Mr. Bullet has heard some rumor in town to-day that does not please him-some rumor as to this Mr. Benning, who he is, how he came here, what he is staying here for, or who his friends are, or what is the secret of all in a breath, for she instantly anthis mystery in which Mr. Benning swered: seems to be living and moving, and

having his being. Keeri talked so fast, now that his tengue was loosened, that it made Alma breathless to listen.

"And it seems that Mr. Bullet blames Kulu for not having kept the secret sufficiently close—whatever the secret may be," said Keeri, continuing to make himself quite at his ease. "But Kulu responded that no word or hint of the real state of affairs had ever passed his lips, from the hour when he first discovered Mr. Benning until now. I must do the dog the justice of saying that he seemed to me to be perfectly sincere and honest in all he was saying. Very naturally I should have been glad to witness the conclusion of the quarrel, but I was in a great hurry to improve your father's absence, and here I am accordingly.

little one-sided, for I have quite a number of things to say to you, Miss Bullet, and I am here to say them. I won't leave this place until I have unburdened myself, or until I have made an was such as to drive him to desperaawful row with your Mr. Benning. My tion. decided impression is that you had better hear me!

The manner of Keeri, no less than his declarations, impressed Alma "To have a talk with you-as I have strongly. She saw that he was in one of those sullen and ugly moods which "I do not want anything to do with can be inspired only by a bitter jeal-

> "If you can possibly have anything to say to me, after what I have already said to you." she murmured in a voice of scorn and with a look of defiance, "why, say it, and quickly.

> Keeri took his pipe from his mouth, and his air became the attentive air of

"When you sent me adrift the other day," he began. "had you ever seen

this Mr. Benning?" The girl's features contracted and she blushed to scarlet. This questioning was visibly and deeply revolting to her. But she controlled her emotions and answered with an outward show of

"No. I had never seen him. I rejected ou because I did not love you: because you were a half-breed: because you are poor; because you have no home to take me to: because your wife must inevitably be a drudge and a nobody, and because I have other and higher views for myself-all good and substantial reasons, if I am not immensely mis-

The Kanaka's countenance brightened in the same ratio that one would have expected it to darken. He evidently saw in all this series of declarations only one essential point, namely, that it was not because of the stranger under Bullet's roof that he had been

There is no reason why you should abide by your former decision, Alma," he declared, his voice softening, and a look of mingled love and admiration pleading in his eyes. "I have not for a moment accepted it. I love you toif you insist on forcing your presence day better than ever. You are the upon me in this way. I shall be com- prettiest and best girl in all these islands. As to the drawbacks you have heretofore refrained from mentioning. I have not been unmindful of them, and have sought and found a remedy for such of them as are important. With my love, I can now offer you a home all aunt's death," he hurriedly protested. ready to move into, and a snug little looked around twice in quick succes-sion; first, to see if her father were aunt. I refer to the Creeka place, visible: secondly, to see if Ralph were which is now mine. As to my complexion, that does not plevent me from sets, including the well-known Creeka having both brains and heart. With ance." she then proclaimed angrily. my changed circumstances I shall be able to move in the best society of the capital, and in that way I shall acquire | Bullet again. "Am I indeed such a polish and all the marks of a gentleman. So that I shall become, if not so good a husband as you deserve, at the money? What is wealth but 'vanity ing smile curled his lips. "He is just least as good a husband as the island and vexation of the spirit?' The marnow busy with Kulu-particularly busy. can afford. Let me hope, therefore, in riages I am in favor of are marrirges I overheard him riding his high herse conclusion, that you will change your of pure affection, and such, sir, I am

so effectively that Alma could not to enter. Not a word! There is not ance which had reached her suitor, never never marry you. And so, hail and had a sufficient appreciation of the and farewell!" man himself. But an immense gulf come away without learning what now exisited between his ideas and her house by a dexterous and significant they were quarreling about. What is own, and she did not hesitate an instant to place herself in direct opposi-

"You have reached your good fortune too late for it to have any weight in this matter," she declared, in a hard quarrel about," he muttered. "They upon your improved condition in life, hold until after you are married." were quarreling about him!" but it can never change my late decis-The girl started, her looks attesting ion. It is impossible that I should ever stood motionless at the door, as if at a but it can never change my late decis- For a minute or two the Kanak

"Do not ask me."

"But I will ask you, and I have a

right to an answer. Why is it impossible for you to marry me? Mr. Bullet has never seemed very friendly to me, but he will not now refuse

"Oh, he will-he does, as I do," The declaration served as prompt fuel to the flames already raging in Keeri's soul.

"But why should your father object to me?" he demanded, in a hoarse, concentrated voice. "And why do you re-

"Since you force me to tell," replied Alma, flooking him coldly and squarely in the eyes, "it is because I love an-

The shock of this assertion was so terrific that Keeri, old smoker as he was, dropped his pipe for the first time in his life through a mental cause.

"And who is the man you love?" he breathed, in a hoarse whisper, as he leaped to his feet and stood trembling before her in a jealous and despairing rage. "Is he Mr. Benning?" Either Alma thought she had gone

too far to hesitate now, or she was willing to make an end of Keeri's hopes

"Yes, he's Mr. Benning."

#### CHAPTER VI. KEERI RESORTS TO VIOLENCE.

Alma's avowal instantly plunged the Kanaka into a state of mind bordering

upon frenzy. "It is as I supposed, then!" he muttered, as he came nearer, while his eyes gleamed as savagely as a wolf's. "You rejected me because of this stranger?

Alma made a gesture of disgust. "No," she declared, with angry emphasis. "Must I tell you a thousand times over how the case stands? I rejected you for the reasons I have given, and at the date of that rejection had never set eyes upon Mr. Benning." "Then you have fallen in love with

this man since that time?" "Yes, I have-since you are such a "O. it's you, eh?" greeted the old sailor's daughter, in a voice of insolent indifference that annoyed her rejected admirer immensely.

"Yes, it's me," was the rejeinder, as Keeri planted himself, sowards before with you, and the sooner you take yourself off the better."

The realization of the hopelessness of his suit that dawned upon Keeri's mind

"I thank you for your confidence," he muttered, with an icy sneer, "and will answer it in kind. You say that you are going to marry this Mr. Benning. but I am resolved that you shall never. never marry him. I'd sooner kill you both, and myself afterward."

"Hush! What does all this mean?" suddenly broke from the old sailor, as he emerged into view around the cor

ner of his dwelling.

The joy of Alma was so great at this timely interruption that she could not immediately find voice to tell what had happened. But when she did find it. she talked so fast that her father was scon in possession of the facts, as seen from the daughter's standpoint.

"And now, hear me, sir," said the Kanaka, with illy repressed excite ment, as soon as ne could cart a word into the torrent of explanation and denunciation that flowed from the lips of Alma. "Is it not better that your daughter should marry a man she has always known, and-

"Hush! You don't know what you are talking about!" interrupted Bullet. 'Familiarity breeds contempt.' A girl should always marry as far away as possible from the paternal mansion, and choose, if possible, a husband with whom she has had no previous acquaint-

At these declarations the Kanaka looked as blank as if he had received a slap in the face. But his passion was too ardent for him to be easily repulsed and he hurriedly resumed:

"Since I last had the pleasure of seeing you, Mr. Bullet, a remarkable stroke of good fortune has befallen me.

My only aunt has died-'Silence! This is horrible!" cried Bullet, recoiling in pretended amazement. "What! you are so lost to all sense of shame, so hard-hearted as to rejoice with these untimely jibes over the scarcely closed grave of your unfortunate relative. Out upon you. Why, sir, if you were the husband of my daughter I should expect, at the very first reverse of fortune, to be carted off to the hospital.'

Keeri raised both of his hands in a frenzy of vexation.

"I did not mean that I was glad of my

"I merely meant to say that having, in her own good time, reached a happy and peaceful end, she has been so good as to leave me all her wealth and aspremises, so that I am now the possessor of considerable money-

"Enough! You shock me!" broke in viper that you should suppose me capable of selling my only daughter for proud and happy to say, is the mar-This was all said so respectfully and riage upon which my daughter is about

> He whipped his daughter into the tered himself, closing the door in the very face of the rejected suitor, and as promptly locking it.

"That's an iron well planted," muttered the old harpooner, as he dropped "They were quarreling about the voice and with an icy manner. "I con- into a chair and rubbed his hands glee-

less what to do with himself, and then "And why impossible?" asked Keeri he walked moodily away, soon disappearing in the direction in which he resided.

TO BE CONTINUED.

### SOLDIERS AT HOME.

THEY TELL SOME INTERESTING ANECDOTES OF THE WAT.

Low the Boys of Both Armies Whiled Away Life In Camp-Foraging Experiences, Tiresome Marches-Thrilling Scenes on the Battlefield-Prison Life, Etc.

War Flowers.

I p omised grandma, sitting there At home, by mot er's side.
I'd pluck for her some flowers, where
Poor John and Ezra died.

Fo now, b fore I backward turn, I seek these wild weed wates That cover up the moss and terns Which mark our precious graves. Close by a little run that lides

. ear a torsaken well.

A mammoth, moss-g own boulder hides;
There Uncle Ezra fell. And further on -a little south,
A field piece, fill d with rust,
Marks, with the dais es in its mouth,

Where John, too, bit the dust. I gathered sprays of wild rose there, And buttercups, and leaves, And daisies, beautiful and rair, I garnered into sheaves.

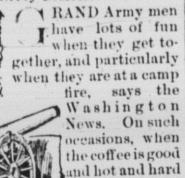
And bound them up, a sweet bouquet, To carry home and keep.
For love of those log pass'd away,
Who with the soldiers sleep.

With "Blue and Gray." our family tree 1s cl. se'y interwined; To colored clothes and names you see, True mother-love is blind.

Though Ezra wore a suit of gray, And John a suit of blue. We mourn them toth alike to-day, Our heroes brave and true.

-Home Queen.

A Nervy Deserter.



taste, and these

topped off with

H. the conventional clay pipe and tobacco, there is no end to social enjoyment. It is a stag party, where the brightest story-teller gets encouragement and the man with a good joke has the best chance to crack it. Washington has among its Grand Army Posts mrny comrades who can fill these requirements at any moment. A writer for the News heard William H. Meyers Patent Office, at the James A. Garfield Post campfire recently. It seems that during the war Gen. Schoef was in command of the military prison at Fort Delaware. He had under sentence of death a mere boy who had deserted from the Union Army. The cause was homesickness. The young soldier wented to see his mother and he left his regiment without permission. Gen. Schoef knew the circumstances and, being a big-hearted man he did everything possible to have the sentence commuted. On the morning of execution he settled on a scheme to save the boy's life. He sent for the officer who

get in the muskets." The officer did as he was ordered only too gladly. The young soldier was brought before the General a few minutes before his execution and was quietly told something that made his young heart bound. When the hour for execution ery eight hundred bullets fired during arrived the condemned man was beside the Civil War a man was killed, but I bis coffin, the guard of soldiers were saw a regiment who prided themselves properly lined and in readiness to fire on their markmanship send that many at word of command. There were also bullets after one man and fail to get the soldiers of the garrison in ranks to him," said Major James Huxley to a witness the fate of the comrade who St. Louis Globe-Democrat writer. was to suffer for desertion. On the "We were at Corinth and had captured water on a rowboat not far from the a smooth-faced young Yankee, conscene was a woman. The musketry victed him of being a spy, and senported in due military form. Gen.

by a stranger, who introduced himself. "General," he said, "I am the man whose life you saved. I am after a pen-

Relics of J. Wilkes Booth.

Of the 10,000 or more relics of all kinds preserved in the Army Medical Museum at Washing on the most interesting, perhaps, are two portions of a human body—all that remains above ground of J. Wilkes Booth, the assassin of President Lincoln. These ghastly but most interesting specimens are numbered and catalogued for ready reference. The first (mounted on a little stand and labeled 4,086) is a section, or rather sections of three vertebræ, the third, fourth and fifth, through an aperture in which a thin wire is placed, showing the course of the ball. Near this is the second specimen, suspended in a wide-mouthed vial of alcohol and labeled-4,087. It is about three inches long, and reminds one of a section of well-cooked beefmarrow.

Referring to the catalogue, under the head of 4,086 we find the following: Mounted specimen is the third, fourth and fifth cervical vertebre. A conodial carbine ball entered the right one will form each year. Thus her age side, comminuting the base of the can be discovered.

right laminæ of the fourth vertabra, fracturing it longitudinally and separating it from the spinous process, at the same time fracturing the transverse process. The missle passed directly through the canal with a slight inclination downward and to the rear, emerging through the left base of the fourth and fifth lamine, which are comminuted and from which fragments were imbedded in the muscles of the neck. The alcoholic specimen, labeled 4,087, has the entry in the cata-

"A portion of the spinal cord from the cervical region, aniversely perforated from right to left by a carbine ball which fractured the laming of the fourth and fifth vertebrae." The cord is much torn and discolored by blood, As mentioned above, these two specimens are the only portions of J. Wilkes Booth's body that were not consigned to the grave."-St. Louis Republic.

> The Battle of "Port Reval." DMIRAL PORTER says: A better.sea-1 man than Dupont never trod a ship's deck." On the

morning of the 4th of November, 1861, twenty-five vessels in company with the flagship, "Walvest" flagship, "Wabash" came to anchor off the bar of Port Royal, while the remainder of the squadron which had been scattered by a gale, were continually heaving in sight. The following is a list of vessels which comprised the fighting squadron of Flag Officer Dupont: Steam frigate 'Wabash" (flagship), Commander C. R. P. Rodgers; steam frigate "Susquehanna," Captain I. L. Lardner; steam sloop "Mohican," Commander S. W. Gordon; steam sloop "Seminole," Commander J. P. Gillis; steam sloop "Pawnee," Lieut. Commanding R. H. Wyman: steam gunboat "Unadilla." Lieut. Commanding N. Collins; steam gunboat "Ottawa" Lieut. Commanding T. H. Stevens; steam gunboat, tack is to the "Pauline," Lieut. Commanding J. P. Bankhead; sailing sloop, "Vandalia,"

Commander F. S. Haggerty, towed by

steamer Isaac Smith. The plan of attack was to pass up midway between Fort Walker and Beauregard, which were distant from each other about two and one-third miles, receiving and returning the fire of both. " When about two and onehalf miles north of Beauregard the line was to turn southward, round by the west, and close in with Ft. Walktell a good story on Gen. Schoef of the er, encountering that work in its weakest flank, and entitlading in nearly a direct line its two water faces. When abreast Fort Walker, the engines were to be slackened and the movement of the fleet reduced to a speed just sufficient to preserve the order of battle. On reaching the extremity of the shoal ground making off from Hilton Head the line was to turn north by the east and passing to the northward engage Fort Walker, with the port battery nearer than when they passed it on the course before. These evolutions were to be repeated as often as necessary. Fort Beauregard made but little resistance and hauled down its flag when it aswas to take charge of the execution. certained that Fort Walker was "Lieut. B.," said the General, "I want evacuated. The attack on the deyou to load all the muskers with blank fenses of Port Royal was ably planned cartridges; see that no ball cartridges and skillfully executed. The whole affair on the part of Dupont's squadron was conducted in a masterly man-

A Daring Escape.

"It has been calculated that for evrattled a volley, the condemned man tenced him to be hanged. He was threw up his hands and fell into his marched out of camp to where a rude coffin. At the same moment the sol- gallows had been hastily erected, and diers were marched quickly from the the regiment detailed to see him well scene the rowboat drew rapidly to the into the next world formed a hollow shore. A few men bore the coffin to square. The prisoner was a slight the water, and, placing it carefully in girlish-looking fellow, with a babyish the middle of the rowboat, withdrew. face, and I felt that he should be The boat at once sped rapidly away. spared and sent home to his mother All the details of the affair were re- instead of being hung as a spy. Ierpected to see him break down and beg Schoef had almost forgotten the mat- for his life, and was nerving myself for ter, when recently he was approached it, when we were treated to a spectacle of quite a different nature.

"Just as he mounted the gallows with a guard on either side of him and two behind him, he slipped his small hands through his jewelry and let out right and left, knocking the first two gnards sprawling. The two behind him stood two steps below him. He turned, vaulted over their heads, and before the square could come to a charge baronets had broken through if and was running like a scared wolf. The regiment broke into an impulsive cheer, and it was nearly a minute before the order to fire upon him was obeyed. Then a scattering velley was sent after him. I don't know how the others aimed, but I can make my oath that my bullet did not come within a dozen rods of him. We gave chase but it was like trying to run down a streak of lightning. Once the young dare-devil turned and waved his handkerchief then fled on toward the Federal lines.

How to Tell a Cow's Age. When a cow is two years old a wrinkle begins to form at the base of horns. At teree years this wrinkle is fully developed. When she is five years old another will form, and after that one will form, and after that

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Scientists May Differ As to the causes of rheumatism, but there is no difference of opinion among them as to the danger which attends it, the symptoms by which it manifests itself, and the difficulty of dislodging it in its chronic stage. Several mineral and vegetable poisons are prescribed for it, but none of these has been shown by experience to possess the same efficacy as Hostatter's Stomach Bitters. This benign specific depurates the blood by promoting vigorous action of the kidneys, which strain from the blood as it passes through them the rheumatic virus when it exists in the system. Physicians of eminence testify to the value of the Bitters in rheumatism, and the professional opinions regarding it are borne out and corroborated by ample popular evidence. The Bitters remedy

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and constipation. A Great Outlay for Coffee.

shills and fever, liver complaint, dyspepsia,

The world annually consumes about 650,000 tons of coffee. Estimating coffee as being worth about \$400 per ton, which is about a good average, this represents an outlay of \$260,000,000 for this one beverage each year.

S. K. COBURN, Mgr. Clarie Scott, writes: "I find Hall's Catarrh Cure a valuable remedy." Druggists sell it, 75c,

AUMONE, a little French hamlet, has but forty inhabitants, twenty-four of whom are over 80 years of age.

THERE is not a wagon factory in the whole of Mexico.

"German Syrup

Mr. Albert Hartley of Hudson, N. C., was taken with Pneumonia. His brother had just died from it. When he found his doctor could not rally him he took one bottle of German Syrup and came out sound and well. Mr. S. B. Gardiner, Clerk with Druggist J. E. Barr, Aurora, Texas, prevented a bad attack of pneumonia by taking German Syrup in time. He was in the business and knew the danger. He used the great remedy-Boschee's German Syrup-for lung diseases.

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SACWA

Laughing Dog, age robyrs. per bottle, 6 bottles for \$5. Kickapoo Indian Medicine Co., Heaty & Bigelow, Agents, New Haven, Ct. \*

DR. KILMER'S

# **SWAMP-ROOT**



#### CURED ME.

#### Doctors Said I Could Not Live. POOR HEALTH FOR YEARS.

Mr. Willcox is a practical farmer and Postmaster in the village where he resides, and is well known for miles around. He writes:-"I had been in poor health for a long time. Four years ago the crisis came, and a number of our best physicians said I would not live a year. I began using Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, Kidney, Liver and Bladder Cure; then my doctor said it might help me for a time, but I would not be here a year hence. My difficulties, aggravated by Rheumatism, were so bad I could not get either hand to my face. I continued the medicine nearly a year, and now I am as well as any man

of myage—sixty-eight years. Swamp-Root Saved My Life p and the good health I now enjoy is due to its use." Jan. 9, 93. J. D. WILLCOX, Olmsville, Pa.

At Druggists, 50c. or \$1.00 Size. "Invalids' Guide to Health" and Consultation Free. Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y.

Ur. Kilmer's U & O Anointment Cures Piles Trial Box Free. - At Druggists, 50 cents.



A. B. TOWER, BOSTON, MASS.

## WILSON IS CHAIRMAN.

HE HEADS THE WAYS AND MEANS COMMITTEE.

Speaker Crisp Announces the Full List-Springer Will Consider Bonking Affairs-Band in His Old Place-Disposition of Holman-The Great Debate.

Crisp Completes His Task. Washington correspondence:

The announcement of the standing and select committees of the House has been made by Speaker Crisp. Mr. Springer is displaced from the chairmanship of the Ways and Means Committee by William L. Wilson, of West Virginia. Mr. Holman is succeeded by Sayers, of Texas, and Bland remains at the head of the Coinage Committee. Mr. Springer is made Chairman of the Banking and Currency Committee. The chairmanship selections were none of them surprising. In fact all of them have been predicted with reasonable certainty for more than a week. The change in the leadership of the Ways and Means Committee was part of the administration's plan, and even Mr. Springer's warmest friends gave up all hope of his retention before Congress convened. The same may be said of Mr. Holman as Chairman of the Appropriations Committee.

Mr. Holman, as Chairman of the Committee on Indian Affairs, may not



be a happy selection so far as the Indians are concerned, but the committee is still one of great importance. One member facetiously remarked, uphas frequently declared upon the floor of the House that the limit ought to be \$4,000,000. It is possible that as of the House that the limit ought to

Chairman of the committee he might

acquire more liberal views.

The two committees having to deal with the currency attracted the greatest interest, and their standing was eagerly inquired for by hard money men and silver men alike. The retention of Mr. Bland in the chairmanship of the committee on coinage, weights and measures was generally expected, since the House took up the silver question for itself and left the committee with nothing at present to do. The majority of the committee appears to be on Mr. Bland's side, but by no such overwhelming majority as when General Tracy and Mr. Williams made the fight almost alone in the last Congress. The Banking Committee contains a large contingent of members who have not served on it before, but has somewhat the appearance of being made up to report in favor of a repeal of the tax on the circulation of State banks. The known opponents of such a measure are Mr. Sperry, of Connecticut, and the six Republican members, making seven out of seventeen. Mr. Warner of New York, Mr. Johnson of Indiana, and Mr. Cobb of Missouri are counted as opponents of repeal, but Mr. Warner favors removal of the tax under certain conditions, and it is possible that the other two gentlemen and the chairman, Mr. Springer, may foster it. The other six members are from the South and are undoubtedly in favor of repealing the tax, among them being Judge Culbers n of Texas, who is considered one of the strongest members of the House.

#### Make-Up of Committees.

The four most important committees are the Ways and Means, Coinage, Weights and Measures, Banking and Currency, Appropriations and Foreign Affairs: They are made up as follows: Affairs: They are made up as follows;
Ways and means—William L. Wilson. West
Virginia; Benton McMillin, Tennessee: H. G.
Turner, Georgia; A. B. Montgomery, Kentucky;
J. R. Whiting, Michigan; W. Bourke Cockran,
New York; M. Stevens, Massachusetts; W. J.
Bryan, Nebraska; C. R. Rreckinridge, Arkansas; W. D. Bynum, Indiana; J. C. Tarsney,
Missouri; T. B. Reed, Maine; J. C. Burrows,
Michigan; S. E. Payne, New York; John Dalzell, Pennsylvania; A. J. Hopkins, Illinois; J.
H. Gear, Iowa.

zell. Pennsylvania; A. J. Hopkins, Illinois; J. H. Gear, Iowa.

Coinage, weights and measures—R. P. Bland, Missouri; Charles Tracy, New York; A. B. Kilgore. Texas; J. F. Epps, Virginia; W. J. Stone, Kentucky; J. M. Allen, Mississippi; J. H. Bankhead, Alabama; Isidore Raynor, Maryland; M. D. Harter, Ohio; H. A. Coffin, Wyoming; W. A. McKeighan, Nebraska; C. W. Stone, Pennsylvania; W. N. Johnson, North Dakota; Nelson Dingley, Jr., Maine; Willis Sweet, Idaho; A. Hager, Iowa; J. Frank Aldrich, Illinois; J. L. Rawlins, Utah.

Banking and Currency-W. M. Springer, Illi-Rawlins, Utah.

Banking and Currency—W. M. Springer, Illinois; Louis Sperry, Connecticut; N. N. Cox, Tennessee; S. W. Cobb, Missouri; D. B. Culberson. Texas; W. T. Ellis, Kentucky; J. E. Cobb, Alabama; J. D. Warner, New York; T. L. Johnson, Ohio; J. A. C. Black, Georgia; U. T. Hall, Missouri; J. H. Walker, Massachusetts; M. Brosius, Pennsylvania; T. J. Henderson, Illinois; C. A. Russell. Connecticut; N. P. Haugen, Wisconsin; H. N. Johnson, Indiana. Appropriations—J. D. Sayers, Texas; W. C. P. Breckinridge, Kentucky; A. M. Dockery, Missouri; Barnes Compton, Maryland; J. H. O'Neill, Massachusetts; L. F. Livingston, Georgis; J. E. Washington, Tennessee; S. M. Georgis; J. E. Washington, Tennessee; S. M. Robertson, Louisiana; E. V. Brookshire, In-Robertson, Louisiana; E. V. Brookshire, In-Robertson, Louisiana; Illinois; W. J. Coombs, New York; D. B. Henderson, Jowa; W. Cogswell, Massachusetts; H. P. Bingham, Pennsylvania; Nelson Dingley, Jr. Maine; W.W. Groat, Vermont; J. G. Cannon, Illinois.

LEON M. CARRIER, 25 years old, color.

Wanted in Quebec for securing \$200,000

Wanted in Quebec for securing \$200,000

S. M. Dorr & Son, in western bond

Hood's sarsails C

HARVEST OF THE YEAR.

Summary of the "American Agriculturist's" Annual Review.

The harvest of 1893 in the United States is in many respects similar to that of three years ago, but with every prospect that home consumption and an increase of foreign demand will also advance values so as to yield as large a net return to farmers as on the average of recent years. Indeed, the American Agriculturist's annual review makes a distinctly encouraging exhibit in spite of the prevalent drought, though it is admitted that the financial stringency may interfere with the early movement of crops and have a temporarily restorative influence on prices.

Present indications point to a crop of 1,750,-000,000 bushels of corn, contrasted with 1,650, 000,000 last year, and over 2,000,000,000 bushels in the immense yield of two seasons previous. But unless abundant rains prevail throughout the corn belt in August, followed by milder weather, the production may shrink to 1,600, 000,000, and may even drop to the size of the 1890 crop, when we harvested less than in any year for a decade, with a single exception. While the area in corn is some 2,000,000 of acres greater than last year in the seven corn surgreater than last year in the seven corn surplus States, over a million less acres are devoted to maize than was the case two years ago. The corn crop has been greatly injured so far during August, the first two weeks of the month having wrought ten times as much damage as the whole month of July. Kansas will not raise more than half a crop, having but very little except the eastern quarter, and Nebraska's crop has been seriously curtailed. The wheat out-turn will not exceed 443,000,000 bushels, compared to 614,000,000 bushels as

000 bushels, compared to 614,000,000 bushels as the average for the past two seasons and 400,000,000 bushels in 1890. Nearly 2,500,000 less acres were devoted to wheat last year, and the bulk of this decrease was in the surplus States, which bid fair to have 78,000,000 fewer bushels than last year and 125,000,000 bushels under the surplus States' product in 1891. Available supplies of old wheat are 40,000,000 bushels greater than a twelve-month ago, but even allowing that farmers also hold 17,000,000

bushels more old wheat now than then, the total supplies for the ensuing year are only 500,-000,000 bushels, or 117,000,000 bushels less than the average of the two previous crops. Our home consumption has averaged 365,000,000 bushels annually, leaving an apparent export surplus of 135,000,000 bushels, against exports last year of 192,000,000 and the season before of 265,000,000 bushels. 265,000,000 bushels. This year's acreage of oats was never ex-

ceeded except in 1889, when over 865,000,000 bushels were grown on 27,400,000 acres, compared with 620,000,000 bushels on a slightly smaller acreage this season. This is within 40,000,000 bushels of last year's out-turn and just about an average of the three previous

Reviewing the financial situation from the farmers' standpoint, the American Agriculturist concludes:

The prospect for prices in the early future depends more upon the monetary situation than upon natural conditions, all of which point to causes that should result in higher prices. But the wheat crop is conceded to be over 150,000,000 bushels less than last year in the leading importing countries. Stocks abroad are not materially larger than a year The greatest Liver.
Stomach, Blood and Kidney Remedy.
Made of Roots,
Barks and Herbs, and is Absolutely
Free From
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Or Other

One member facetiously remarked, upon the floor

One member facetiously remarked, upon the floor

if the announcement: "Well, the United States in old stocks still leaves an indicated shortage on the bread crop of the world of 100,000,000 bushels of wheat. This allows Russia as good as last year. The European rye crop is hardly a fair average; oats are under average, and potatoes are injured by drought. With no extra surplus of the bread crops and an assured deficit of wheat, the United States in old stocks still leaves an indicated shortage on the bread crop of the world of 100,000,000 bushels of wheat. This allows Russia as good as last year. The European rye crop is hardly a fair average; oats are under average, and potatoes are injured by drought. With no extra surplus of the bread crop of the world of 100,000,000 bushels of wheat. This allows Russia as good as last year. The European rye crop is hardly a fair average; oats are under average, and potatoes are injured by drought. With no extra surplus of the bread crop of the world of 100,000,000 bushels of wheat. This allows Russia as good as last year. The European rye crop is hardly a fair average; oats are under average, and potatoes are injured by drought. With no extra surplus of the bread crop of the world of 100,000,000 bushels of wheat. This allows Russia as good as last year. The European rye crop is hardly a fair average; oats are under average, and potatoes are injured by drought. With no extra surplus of the bread crop of the world of 100,000,000 bushels of wheat. This allows Russia as good as last year. ago, so that the excess of 50,007,000 bushels in United States are likely to be called upon to export as much wheat as last year, if not more. Indeed, exports have been much heavier since July 1 than last season. The conclusion is justifiable that present prices of all grains are abnormally low, as there is little evidence of our ability to spare as much wheat as Eu-

rope wants, unless a large underconsumption prevails in the United States. The hay crop is believed to represent a value to the farmers of \$1,000,000. Corn at 45 cents per bushel comes next with a total of \$725,000,000, followed by wheat valued at \$300,000,000, if worth 60 cents a bushel, and oats worth \$185,-000,000, if valued at 30 cents on the farm. Potatoes promise to net an average of 70 or 75 cents per bushel or a total of \$125,000,000.
This list is about one-half the prospective value of the cotton crop of 1893, reckoned at

APPEAL TO WESTERN FARMERS.

Asked to Send Provisions to the Hungry Thousands in New York.

The delegates and speakers to the Farmers' Alliance and People's Party State Convention at Sylvan Beach,

N. Y., issued the following appeal: Farmers of the West: A cry of hunger and starvation comes up from the heart of the great metropolis—New York. It comes from the throat of tens of thousands of American citizens who are without work and without bread. It ascends to heaven amid the noise of the call-board on the stock exchange and the jingling of the gold on the money counters of Wall street. It is intensified by the tears and moans of starying mothers and famishing children. Men are becoming desperate from want, and the gaunt specter of famine stalks abroad unheeded by those who hav grown fat by the pillage of labor and the ravazing of industry. The lobby approaching the council chamber of the republic is filled with the paid agents of the moneyed oligarchy ready to debauch the people's representatives and weld the chains of financial slavery still more securely on the neck of labor. The money sharks are unre-lenting, the Government indifferent, and the people desperate. By the pangs of hunger, law-abiding, honest men are being transformed into wreckless wolves, and this is the condition descried by the enemies of the people. They starve them first in order to fur-nish an excuse to kill them afterward.

This must not be. The starving poor of New York must not become the prey of designing enemies. Farmers, you must feed them. Well, now, you are poor. We know the labor of your hands is unrequitted and your toll and perseverance unrewarded. But your toil and perseverance unrewarded. But these men and women are your brothers and sisters. Their cause is your cause. Their starvation and your poverty are the joint production of our common enemy. Send speedily of your corn and wheat, your potatoes and breadstuffs, that disorder and bloodshed may be averted. Let the president of each alliance call his alliance and act without delay. Ask your railroads to furnish transportation free as you give your substance. Orportation free as you give your substance. Or-ganize relief committees at once and com-municate with Mr. David Rousseau, 310 Mott avenue, New York City, who has been selected by us as the consignee of relief supplies and who will arrange for their prompt and effec-tive distribution tive distribution.

J. B. WEAVER, IOWA.
T. E. DEAN, New York.
MARY E. LEASE, Kansas. WILLIAM J. KEBB. Colorado.
MRS. MARION TODD, Michigan.
L. C. PADDOCK. Colorado.
Delegates and Speakers to the Farmers' Alliance and People's Party State Convention.

Notes of Current Events. THE Bank of Albany, Mo., has sus-

pended. MALIGNANT diphtheria has broken out in Findlay, O.

THE German-American bank at St. Paul will resume business. FLOODS near Beatrice, Neb., have

carried away many bridges.

CONGRESSMAN DUNN, of New Jersey, is seriously ill with heart failure. DETROIT bankers are issuing certificates of deposit in place of currency. THE Sons of Veterans have adopted

black belts instead of belts of gold on forged paper, was arrested in Den-on forged paper, was arrested in Den-on failed.

Hood's Pills Cure Sick Headache. 250.

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## For Summer Cookery

Royal Baking Powder will be found the greatest of helps. With least labor and trouble it makes bread, biscuit and cake of finest flavor, light, sweet, appetizing and assuredly digestible and wholesome.

\*

COSTLY VIOLINS.

The Remarkable Price of \$4,200 Paid for an Antique Stradivarius.

A Stradivarius violin was sold the other day at Puttick & Simpson's for £860, that being the highest price yet joint. secured for a fiddle in the auction room. This fact has caused some inquiry to be made into the rapid rise in the value of the violins of the great Cremona maker, whose workshop Edgar Bundy has so graphically depicted in a painting in the present Royal Academy Exhibition.

It seems that a fine "Strad" was sold in 1805 for £100, but by 1857, when the late James Goding's collection was prise! "Why, where is Maurice?" brought to the hammer at Christie's, a Stradivarius viola fetched £200, and a violin by the same maker £212. In 1872 a "Strad," since rechristened by its fortunate owner "The Emperor," realized £290 at the sale of the collection of Mr. Guillott, the penmaker, and it would probably now not be parted with for four times that amount. The auction price of a "Strad" has since reached £860, and it is quite possible that before the present century is over the sum will pass into four figures, while the price at the fiddler fancier's is already a good deal higher.

It seems that the increase of cost is due partly to the demand for old viclins from the United States, partly to the wish of every violinist of note to possess at least one example of the famous maker. Dr. Joachim, for instance, has three. Doubtless the bloated capitalist might step in and make a "corner" in these prize l instruments were it not for the fact that to discriminate between a genuine "Strad" and an old copy requires enormous skill and experience, while few but experts can tell whether even a genuine Stradivarius has not at some remote time been fitted with a new head and thus half ruined from a commercial point of view, or has in some way been damaged and cleverly repaired.-London Daily News.

Latest Music Free to You. Are you a lover of music? If so, the fol-

lowing will interest you. "Ta-ra-ra Boom-ta-ray," "Hail to the Chief," "After the Ball," "The Happy Farmer," "Metophone Waltz," "Christmas March," "Denmark Polka," "The Rotation Schottische," "Village Bells," "Prayer from Freischutz." "Song Without Words," "My Baby's Grave," "Almira Polka." All the above twelve pieces and thirty-three others equally as good, full sheet music size, bound in handsome colored covers, sent free to all who send TEN CENTS to pay cost of three months' trial subscription to AMERICAN NATION, a splendid monthly journal. Bought singly this music would cost \$11.25 at stores. Remember, any reader who cuts out this notice and returns it with 10 cents, silver or stamps, will receive the above. Address AMERICAN NATION PUB. Co., P. O. Box 1729, Boston, Mass.

#### Women and Weather.

In some parts of New England, and perhaps elsewhere, when some common impulse seems to have led all the women to go shopping or visiting, it is customary for old people to say, "Well, well, I guess it will rain to-morrow."

At sea, as might be expected, the same rule does not hold. Thus an exchange reports a nervous lady passenger as saying to a deck-hand:

"Have you ever seen any worse weather than this, Mr. Sailor?"

"Take a word from an old salt, mum," says the deck-hand; "the weather's never very bad while there's any females on deck a-makin' henquiries about it.

Had Experience.

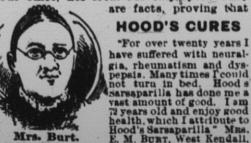
A certain judge in Chicago, who rather prides himself on his vast and varied knowledge of law, was compelled not long ago to listen to a case that had been appealed from a justice of the peace. The young practitioner who appeared for the appellant was long and tedious; he brought in all the elementary text-books and quoted the fundamental propositions of law. At last the judge thought it was time to make an effort to hurry him up. "Can't we assume," he said, blandly, "that the court knows a little law itself?" That's the very mistake I made in the lower court," answered the young man: 'I don't want to let it defeat me twice.

WHEN you get very angry, and feel like saying or doing something real rash, just stand on one foot until you get over it.

BEECHAM'S PILLS act like madic on the liver and other vital organs. One dose relieves sick headache in 20 minutes.

WHAT signifies sadness? A man grows lean upon it.-Mackenzie.

The Testimonials We publish are not purchased, non-written up in our office, nor from our employes. They



\*For over twenty years I have suffered with neuralhave suffered with neuralgia, rheumatism and dyspepsis. Many times I could
not turn in bed. Hood's
sarsaparilla has done me a
vast amount of good. I am
72 years old and enjoy good
health, which I attribute to
Hood's Sarsaparilla Mas.
E. M. Burr, West Kendall,
get HOOD's.

In Mother's Eyes.

Pierre and Maurice are French children. Pierre is the elder brother. It never has occurred to him to be jealous of the last comer, Maurice, or to be troubled about "his nose being out of

He is very fond of his small brother. and seems to feel it his duty to see that

he is never neglected or forgotten. One day he was looking lovingly in his mother's face, when he happened to glance at her right eye, and to his delight he saw his image reflected in it. O. there is Pierre!" he cried.

Then he looked eagerly into the left eye, and exclaimed, in sorrow and sur-

the Modern Beauty

Thrives on good food and sunshine. with plenty of exercise in the open air. Her form glows with health, and her tace blooms with its beauty. If her sys em needs the cleansing action of a laxative remedy, she uses the gentle and pleasant liquid laxative, Syrup of

Most Valuable Concession.

An Englishman has obtained from the government of Madagascar a remarkable concession. It conveys the right of selecting in various districts a total of 3,600 square miles of territory and of mining therein for gold or any other mineral or precious stones during sixty years on payment of £60,000 in cash and £200,(0) in shares. No royalty is exacted. All machinery, it is added, is to be admitted free of duty.

CURES THE WORST PAINS in from one to twenty minutes. NOT ONE HOUR after reading this advertisement need any one SUFFER WITH PAIN. Radway's Ready Relief is a Sure Cure for Every Pain, Sprains, Bruises, Bites of Insects, Burns, Pains in the Back, Chest or Limbs. It was the First and is

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bler of water will in a few minutes cure Cramps, Spasms, Sour Stomach, Nausea, Vomiting, Heartburn, Nervousness, Sleeplessness, Sick Headache, Colic, Flatulency and all Internal Pains.

A CURE FOR ALL SUMMER COMPLAINTS, Dysentery, Diarrhea, CHOLERA MORBUS.

A half to a teaspoonful of Ready Relief in a half tumbler of water, repeated as often as the discharges continue, and a flannel saturated with Ready Relief placed over the stomach and bowels, will afford immediate relief and soon effect a cure.

There is not a remedial agent in the world that will cure Fever and Ague and all other Malarious, Billious and other tevers, aided by Rauway's Pills, so quickly as RADWAY'S READY RELIEF. Price, 50 cents a bottle. Sold by Druggists.



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Look well. Fit well. Wear well. Sold for 25 cents for a box of Ten collars or Five pairs of cuffs. A sample collar and pair of cuffs sent by mail for Six Cents. Address, giving size and style wanted. "Ask the dealers for them."

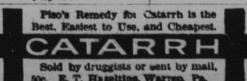
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Best Rice

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Fine N. O. Molasses,

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12 1-2c per lb.

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W. D. BOYCE, 115-117 5th Ave., Chicago. Samples free. Large bottles 50c.

Sunday School Rally.

Thursday, August 24th, was Sunday School Rally day for Jackson County. The day itself was delightful some thought the furnace was a little too large and that in consequence the air in room was over hot, others objected to so much dust, but the day was a good one, nevertheless. A special train starting from Dexter with four picnickers took on over ninety more at Chelsea and finally landed three hundred and Blackstone and Main streets marching. by the reviewing stand erected near the Hurd house where Governor Rich honored himself and the state of Michigan by reviewing the parade of Sunday 25c School scholars and teachers. It about a mile from the point of starting to the grove just off from Main street where the picnic was held and as the Michigan Central railroad tracks must be crossed the march was interrupted by passing trains and in consequence took somewhat longer than it otherwise would. Every precantion was taken to watch the little one's that no accidents should occur, and even anxious mothers nust have felt that their little one's were safe even where steam and electric cars were often interrupting the progress of the procession. At noon or as soon thereafter as possible and with some a little previous, parties were camped on the grass or fallen logs and As he fitted his skull cap on his head. all seemed well provided with those things which generally are entertaining about twelve o'clock, noon. After ample time had been allowed for sorting over the luuch baskets and picking out those things which it was felt would not keep to be carried back, the band called to order with a few selections. Mr. E. A. Hough, of Jackson, presided over the more literary part of the program. He first introduced Mayor Burnett, of Jackson, who extended the kind words of greeting and introduced Gov. Rich. The Governor said he had never witnessed a parade of military men or otherwise that moved him as the sight of these Sunday school scholars when passing the reviewing stand. He felt that the state and nation are safe so long as the bible is loved and lived and the Sunday schools are carrying the stars and stripes, with patriotic loyalty.

Rev. A. S. Badger, of Lansing, gave a short address which was well received. He was followed by Rev. J. C. Stiles, of Jackson, who remarked that his father once built a dam across stream of water but in the night the badgers bored a hole in the dam and let the water out. He felt that the speaker who had proceeded him had done a similar thing to the theme upon which he wished to speak. However he succeeded in eliciting considerable enthusiasm by his strong and clear way of putting some points of impor-

Three sentences seemed to receive as hearty reception by the workers present as their importance might merit One was that the Christian sentiment had triumphed on the Sunday opening question at the World's Fair in spite of the directors; "The saloon must go;" Build the Sunday schools and you build the nation of prosperous freeman. One man remarked that "If the Sunday schools" are destroyed, in ten years instead of a republic we should have King Patrick Murphy,

The rally was a success in every way. It is to be hoped that next year Washtenaw will do as well at Ann Arbor or Ypsilanti. The number present was variously estimated at from three to thirty thousand. There were enough there so that they neither looked lonesome nor had need to be ashamed of the representation.

For Sale Good horses at reasonable prices. Apply to G. W. Boynton,

No other medicine in the world was ever given such a test of its curative qualities, as Otto's Cure. Thousands of bottles of this great German remedy are being distributed free of charge, by druggists in this country, to thos afflicted with consumption, IN THE WORLD giving the people proof that Otto's Cure will cure them, and that it is the 500,000 WEEKLY. grandest triumph of medical science. For sale only by F. P. Glazier & Co.

Closing out my entire Shoe Stock at

See our Shoes and

SAVE MONEY!

Respectfully,



DIDN'T KNOW HER.

He entered the car with an offhand grace, An easy smile, and-a sample case. Two seats in one did he lightly whirl Across from a notill looking girl With a novelette and a cartwheel hat. "Alone, by Jove! I will have a chat Ere we have gone ten miles," he said

"The girls who travel in Texas are Soft snaps, as a rule-too fresh by far. Just lend them a book-lift the window sash No trouble at all to make a mash."

He did not know that the maiden small Had been on the road two years last fall; A female drummer, with "grip" immense, And a lot of good, shrewd common sense.

This is the time and proper caper; "Miss, will you look at the morning paper?" And there on the margin the maiden read, "To do you a favor I'd give my head, That I might reap in turn, perchance, One gentle word-one kindly glance.'

The engine whistled; the train slowed in At a station known as the town of Lynn. The maiden rose with her sweetest smile To the festive masher across the aisle And said as she straightened her frills and lace, "You may help me off with my sample case." -St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

Here is an aphorism about punging by a small boy, "It's lots more fun to ride on a sleigh when they don't want you to than when they do."

The Mohammedans always, whether in their own country or one of adoption, bury without coffin or easket of any kind.

The tomb of Mohammed is covered with diamonds, sapphires and rubies valued at \$10,000,000.

A dand Organ Tonopolist.

In 1885 Verdi lived in Montecalieri. A friend one day expressed surprise at being received in a room which showed evidence of serving as a parlor, dining room and bedroom in one, "I have two more big rooms," said Verdi to his visitor, "but they If you want a good dish of are at present filled with a quantity of things that I have rented for the season." He opened two doors, and the friend of the maestro looked into two large rooms literally crammed with hand organs. "When I came into this town," continued Verdi, "all the owners of these instruments gave me a serenade from morning till night. There was no let up to the thing. It was a continuous and frightful cocophone of airs ( om 'lligoletto,' 'Trovatore and Traviata. It was a fearful torment. How to get rid of it I did not know, but after all I ha upon a grand plan. I rented all the organs for the whole season. The affair has cost me exactly 1,500 francs, but now at least I have peace and I can work. The socialists may say of me what they will, but so far as hand organs are concerned I must be set down as a grasping monopolist."-Argonaut.

An old gentleman, evidently a gatherer of statistics, but with a kindly face which shaded off to something like philanthropy about the edges, was gazing abstractedly down the avenue.

Suddenly he stepped up to a gentleman who was awaiting a horse car, and touch ing him lightly on the shoulder said, "Excuse me, but did you just drop a \$5 bill?" at the same time holding out in his hand the sum mentioned.

The gentleman questioned gazed a mon ment at the bill, assumed a look of excitement, made a hasty search of his pockets and said, "Why, so I did, and I hadn's missed it," holding out an eager hand. The old man slowly drew forth a note-

book and said, "I thought so." He then took the name and address of the loser, and putting the bill in his pocket turned away. "Well," said the other, "do you want it all as a reward?"

"Oh, I did not find one," returned the benevolent old man, "but it struck me that in a large city like New York there must be a large quantity of money lost, and upon inquiry I find you are the thirty-first man who has lost a & bill this very morning." -Zeimer's Monthly.

Reason Enough.

Five-year-old Frances had been spending an afternoon with a little friend. When she returned home, she found another little friend there who had come to visit her.

"Ethel doesn't love you," said Frances to the second little girl, referring to the one she had been calling upon. "Why not?" asked the visitor, semewhat

surprised.
"'Tause she doesn't know you," explained
Frances.—Pittsburg Chronick

## MICHIGAN CENTRAL

"The Niagara Falls Route,"

Time Card, taking effect, Aug. 27,1893. TRAINS EAST: No. 10 - Detroit Night Ex. 5:44a.m.

No. 14 - Grand Rapids Ex. 10:22 a. m. No. 16-Mail 3;52 p. m. No. 2 Detroit Express 5:02 p. m.

TRAINS WEST. No. 11-Mail No. 15-Grand Rapids Ex. 6:38 p. m. No. 7-Night Express 9:40 p. m. Nos. 10 and 7 daily. All other trains

CHELS

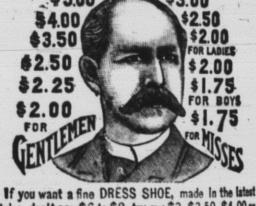
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styles, don't pay \$6 to \$8, try my \$3, \$3.50, \$4.00 or \$5 Shoe. They fit equal to custom made and look and wear as well. If you wish to economize in your footwear, do so by purchasing W. L. Douglas Shoes. Name and price stamped on the bottom, look for it when you buy W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass. Sold by

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